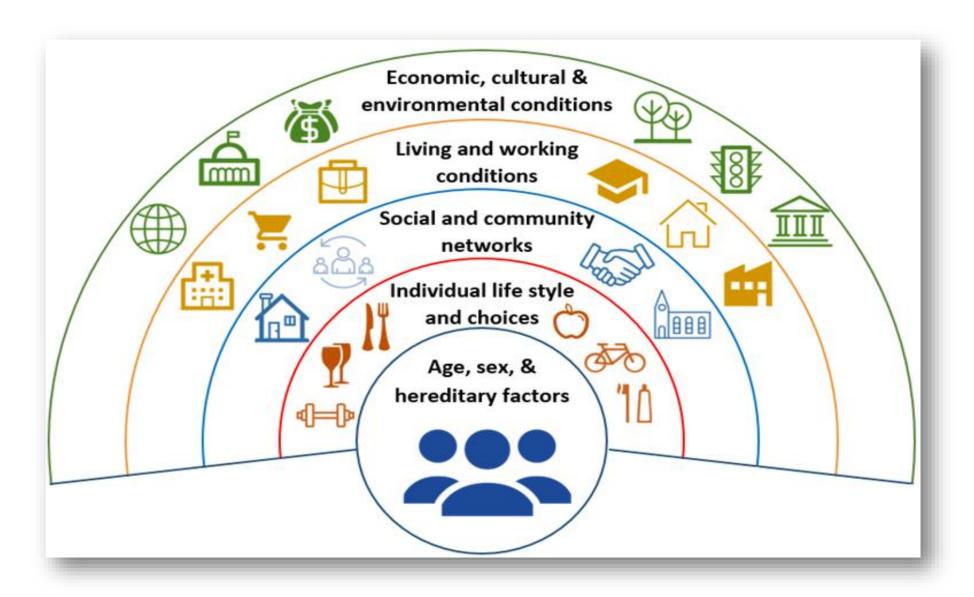
Connecticut State Innovation Model State Health Profile: Data Packet

Preliminary Findings

Connecticut Department of Public Health
September 22, 2016



Many Things Affect Our Health





"Making the healthy choice the easy choice."

Health Impact Pyramid

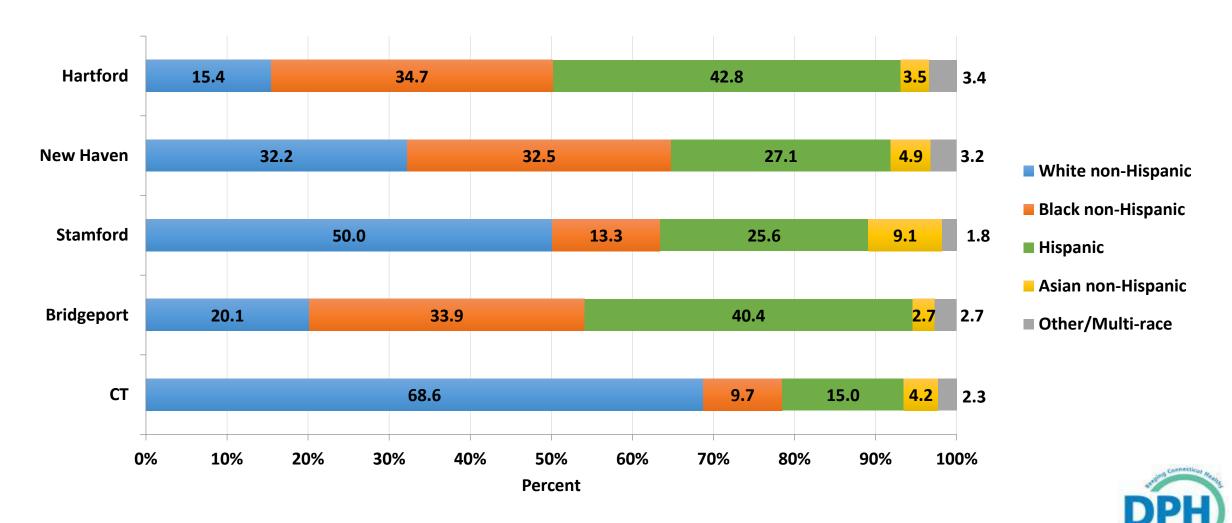




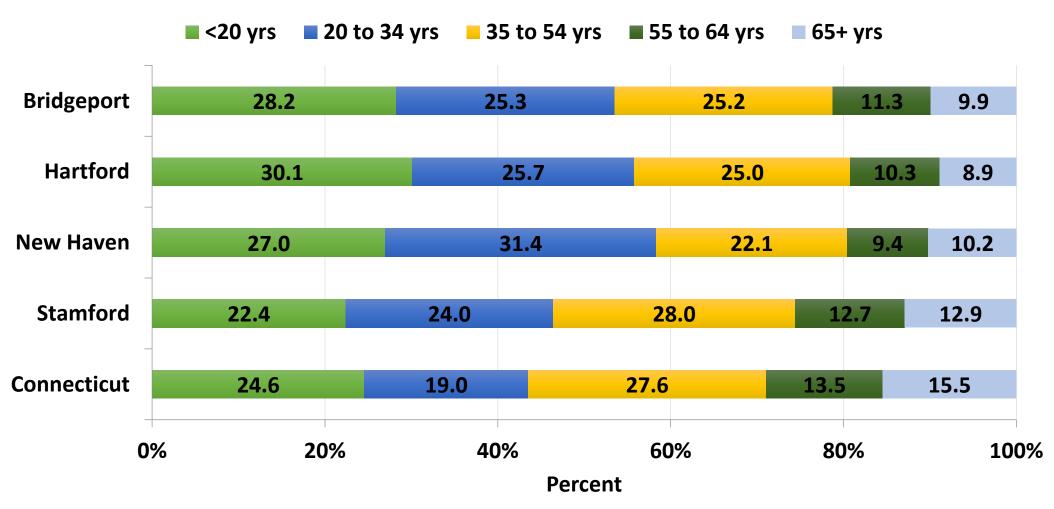
CONNECTICUT POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS



Percent of Population, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014

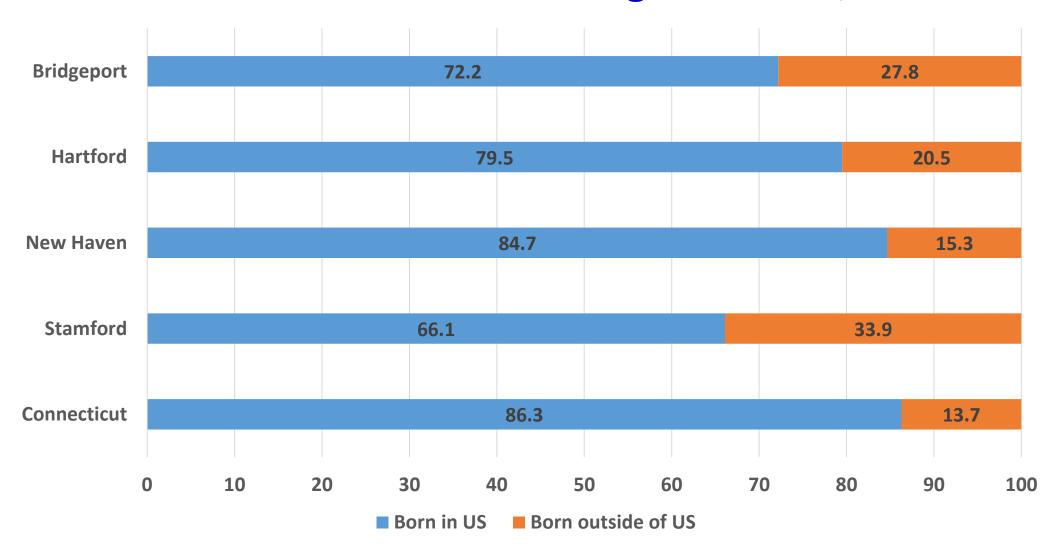


Percent of Population, by Age, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014



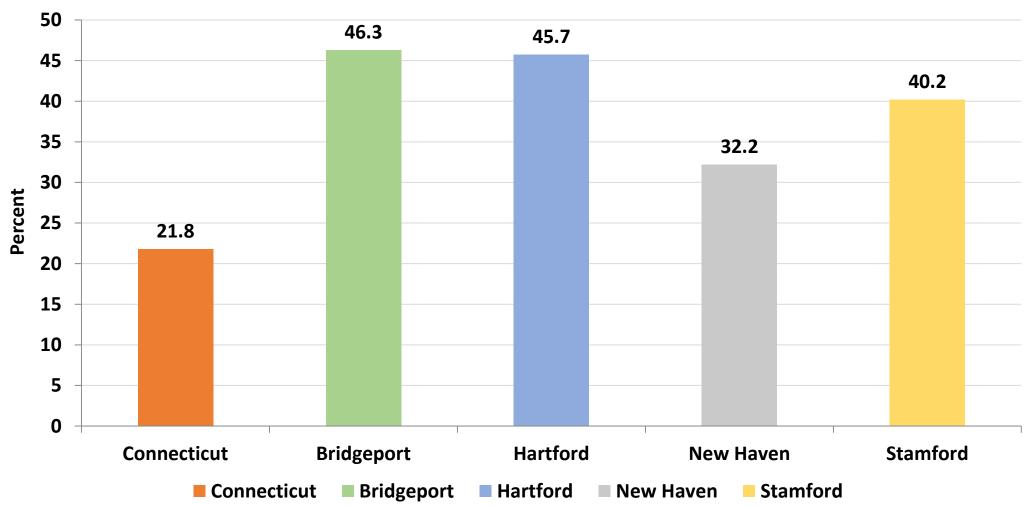


Percent of Population Born in the U.S. and Outside the U.S., Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014



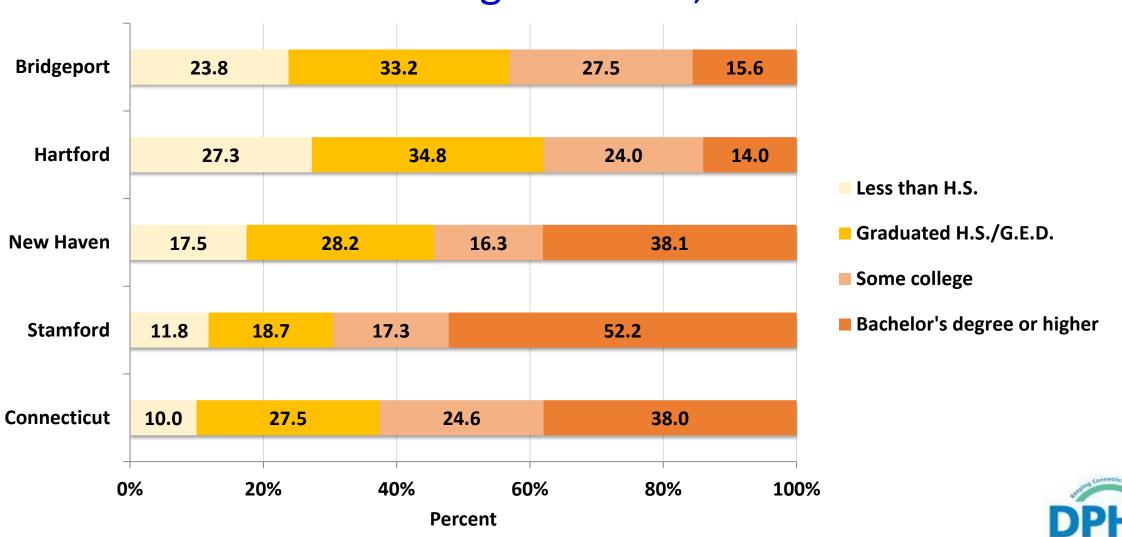


Percent of Population 5 years+ Who Speak a Language Other Than English at Home, 2014

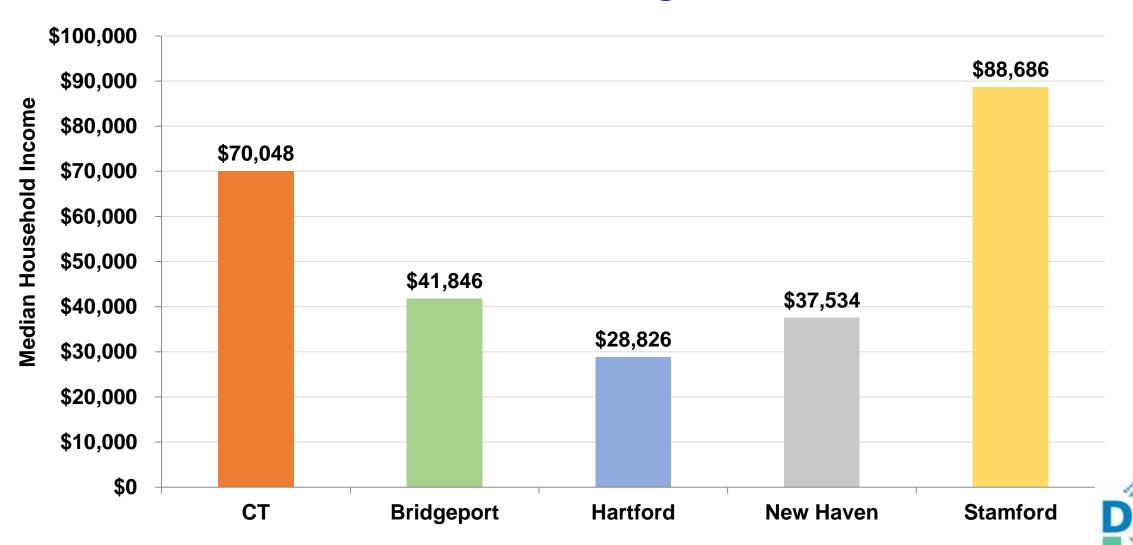




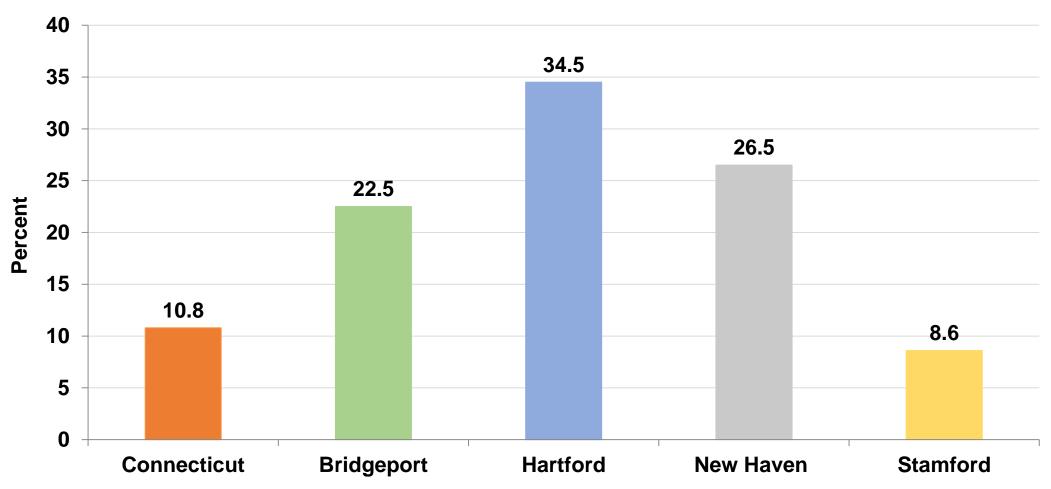
Percent of Population, by Educational Attainment, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2012



Median Household Income, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014

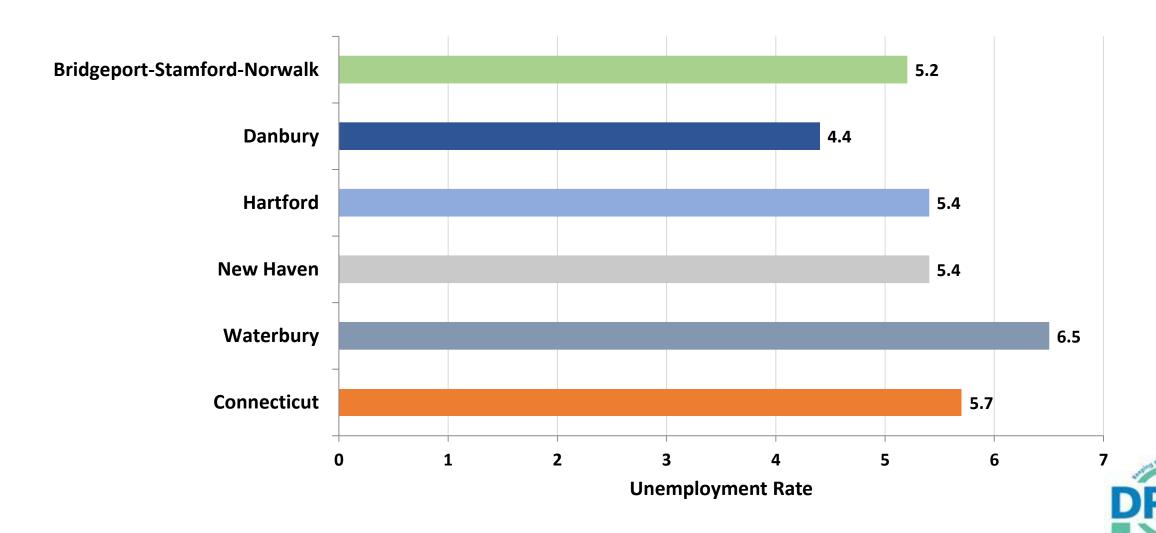


Percent of Individuals Below Poverty Level, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014

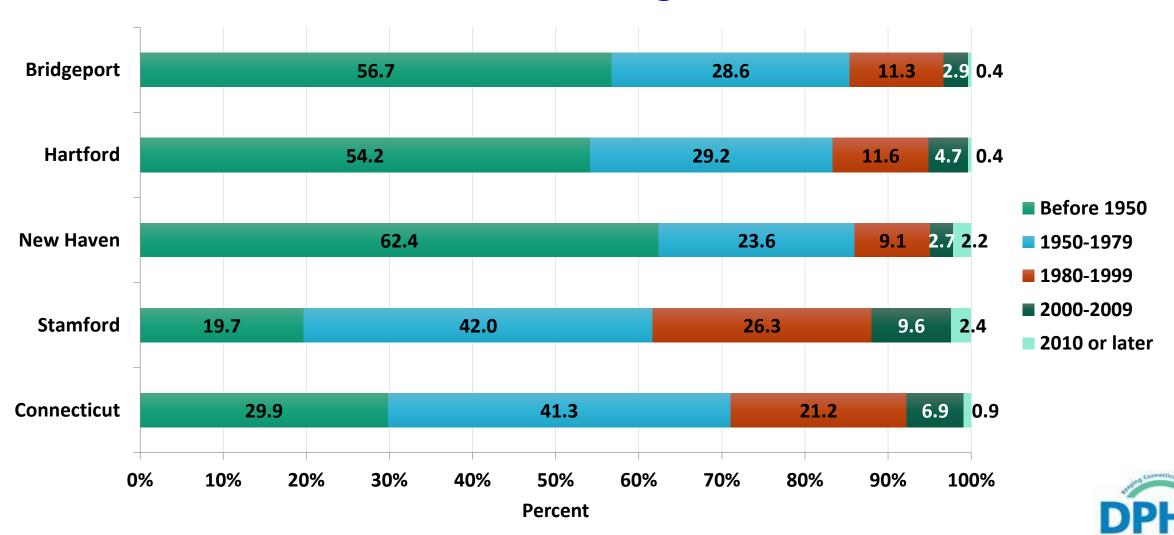




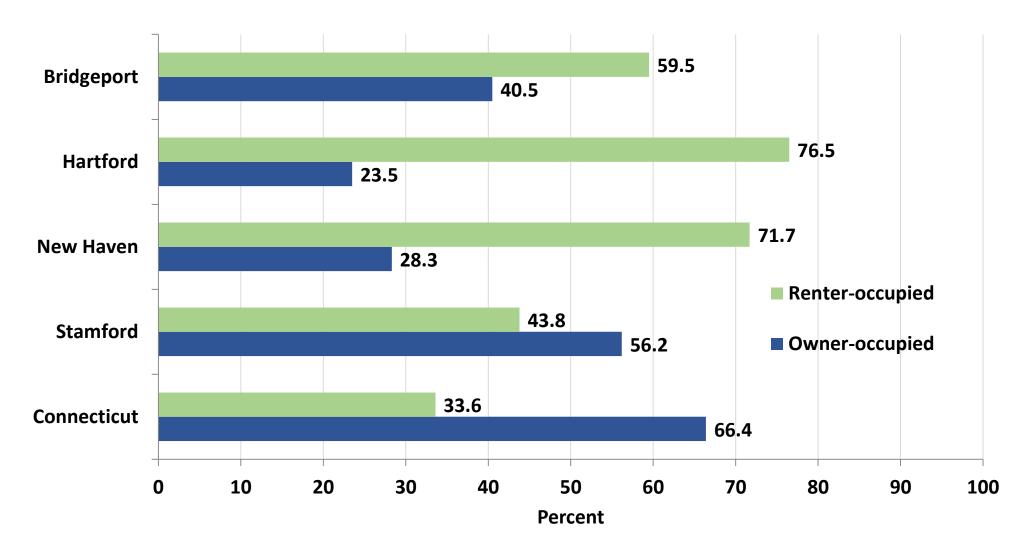
Rate of Unemployment, Connecticut and Metropolitan Areas, 2016



Percent of Housing, by Year of Construction, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014

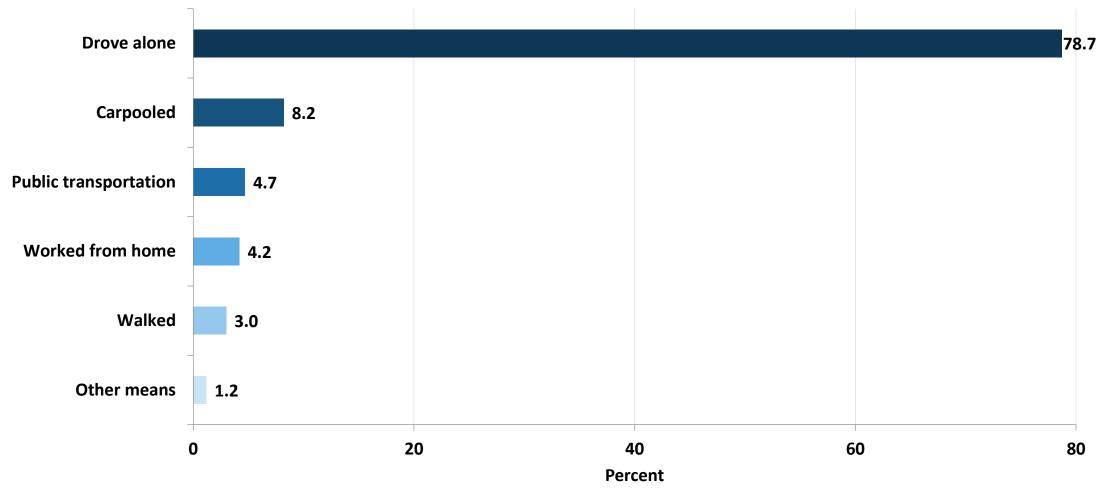


Percent of Houses That are Owner-Occupied or Renter-Occupied, Connecticut and Its Largest Towns, 2014





Means of Transportation for Persons 16 Years or Older Who Commuted to Work, Connecticut, 2014





CHRONIC DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL



Preliminary Cost Data

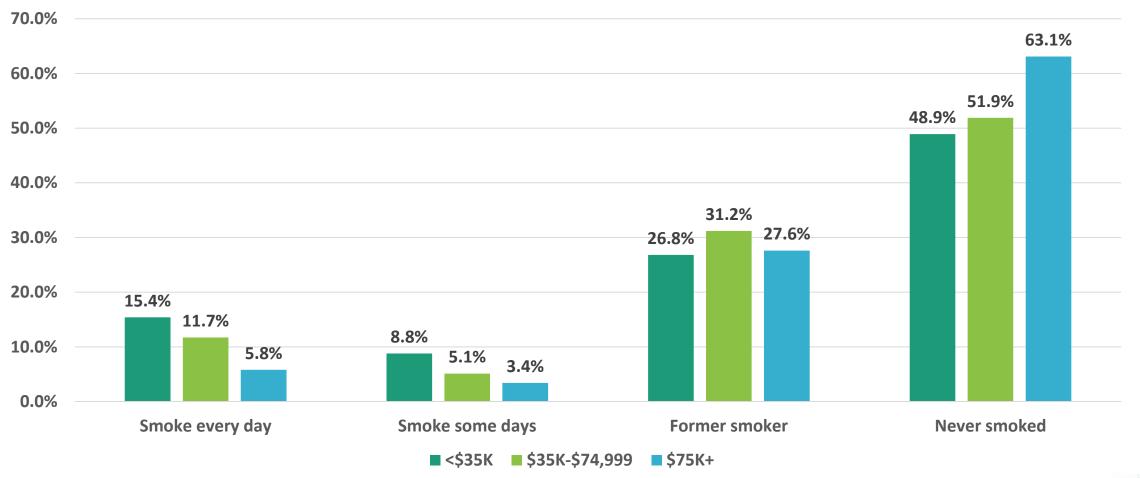
Table 1: Annual Estimates of Six High Cost, High Burden Conditions in Connecticut				
Condition (per CDC 6.18 Initiative)	CDC National Estimate (annual)	CT Calculated Annual Estimate*	Year	Brief Description
Smoking	\$300 Billion	\$3 Billion	2014	Includes direct healthcare costs and loss of productivity.
Blood Pressure	\$42.8 Billion	\$428 Million	2011	Includes direct healthcare costs for hypertension only (not CVD, stroke etc.)
Healthcare Associated Infection	\$28.4- 45 Billion	\$284-450 Million	2011	Includes direct healthcare costs only
Asthma	\$56 Billion	\$560 Million	2007	Includes direct healthcare costs only
Unplanned Pregnancy	\$21 Billion	\$210 Million	2010	Includes direct health care costs only
Diabetes	\$245 Billion	\$2.44 Billion	2012	Includes direct and indirect healthcare costs



Data Source: CDC 6/18 Initiative

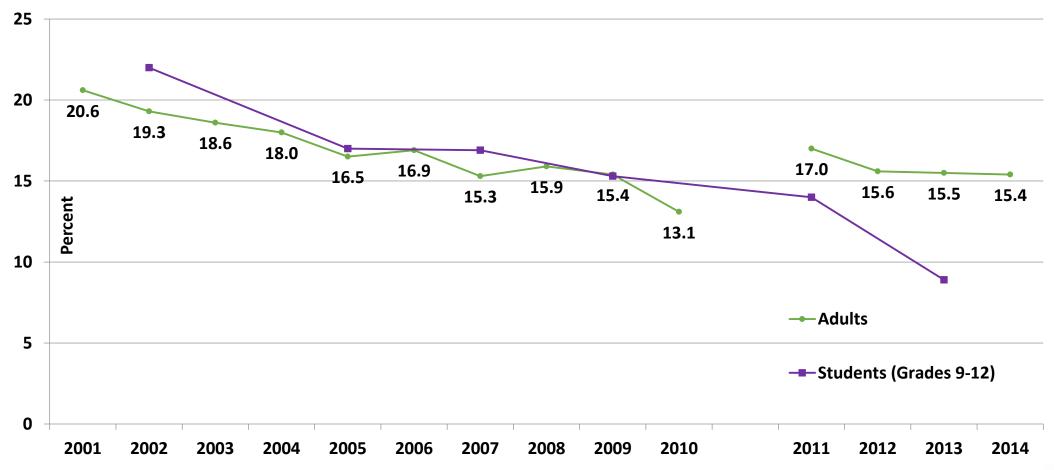
^{*} Calculation method: CDC National Estimate X 0.01, 0.01 is the CT proportion of the U.S. population (rounded to 100ths)

Cigarette Smoker Status, by Annual Household Income, Connecticut, 2014



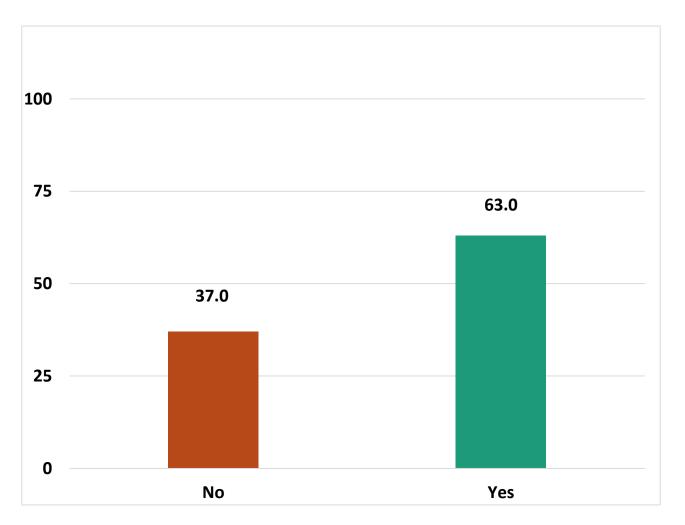


Percent of Current Cigarette Smokers Among Youth and Adults, Connecticut, 2001-2014



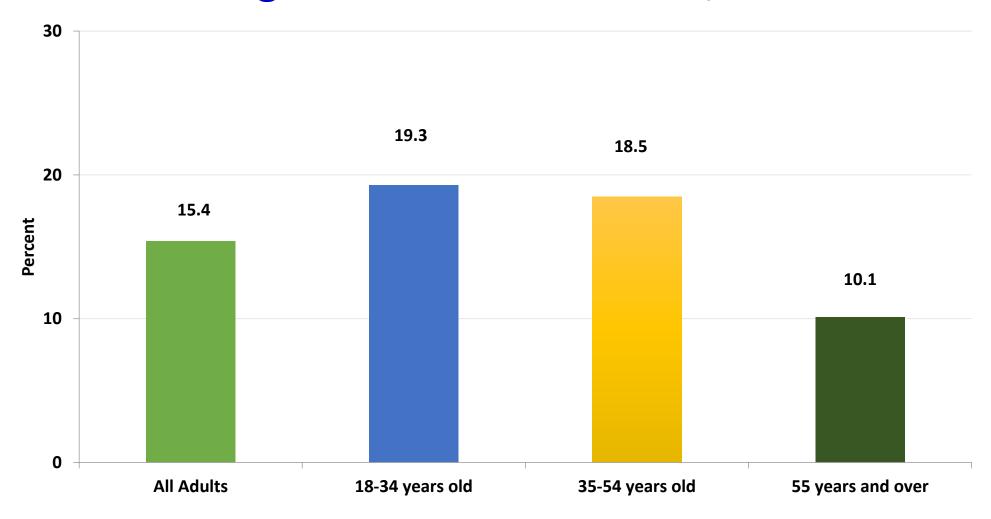


Percent of Adult Smokers Who Made a Quit Attempt in the Past Year, Connecticut, 2014



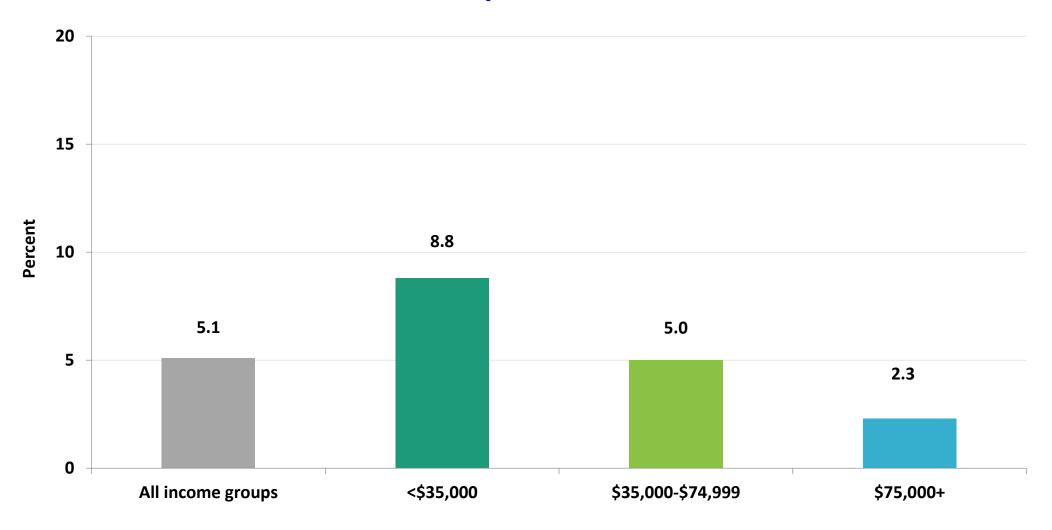


Age-specific Prevalence of Adults Who Currently Smoke Cigarettes in Connecticut, 2014



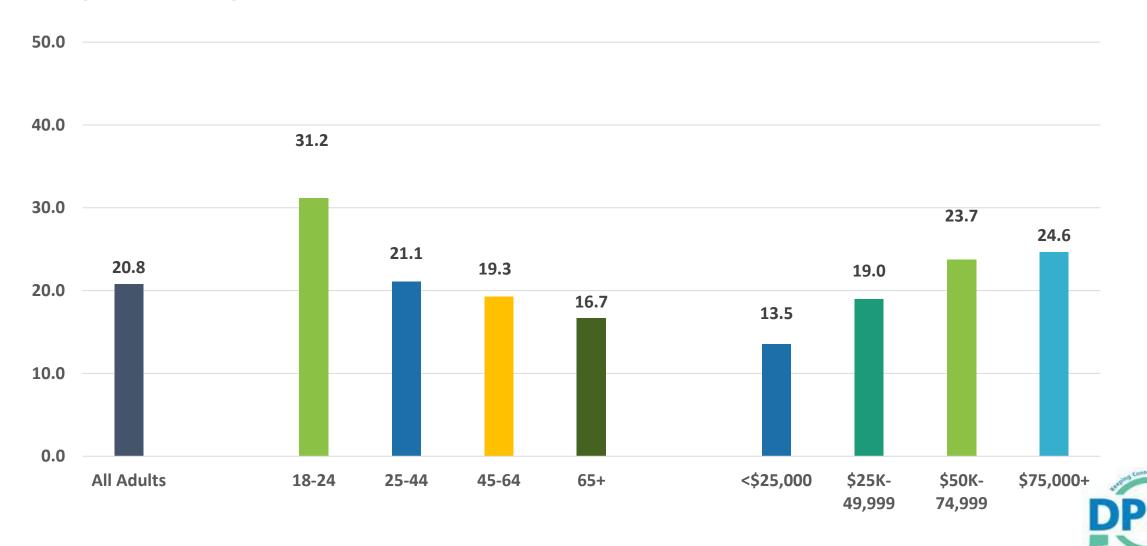


Percent of Adults Ever Told They Have COPD, Emphysema or Chronic Bronchitis, by Income, Connecticut, 2014

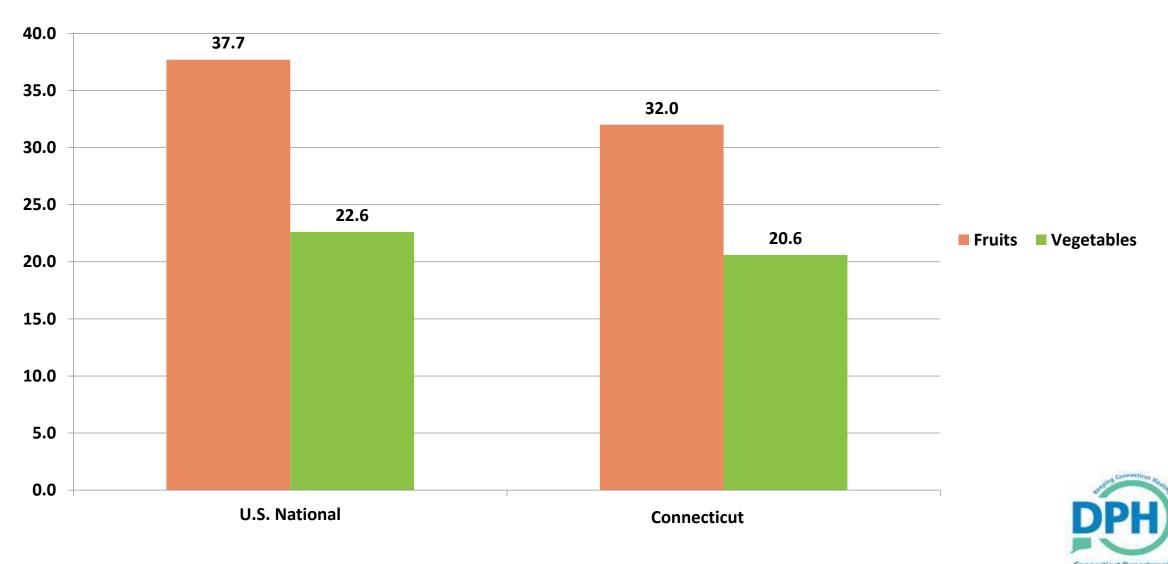




Adults Participating in Enough Aerobic and Muscle Strengthening Exercises to Meet Guidelines, Connecticut, 2013



Percent of Adults Who Consume Fruits and Vegetables Less Than Once Daily, Connecticut, 2013

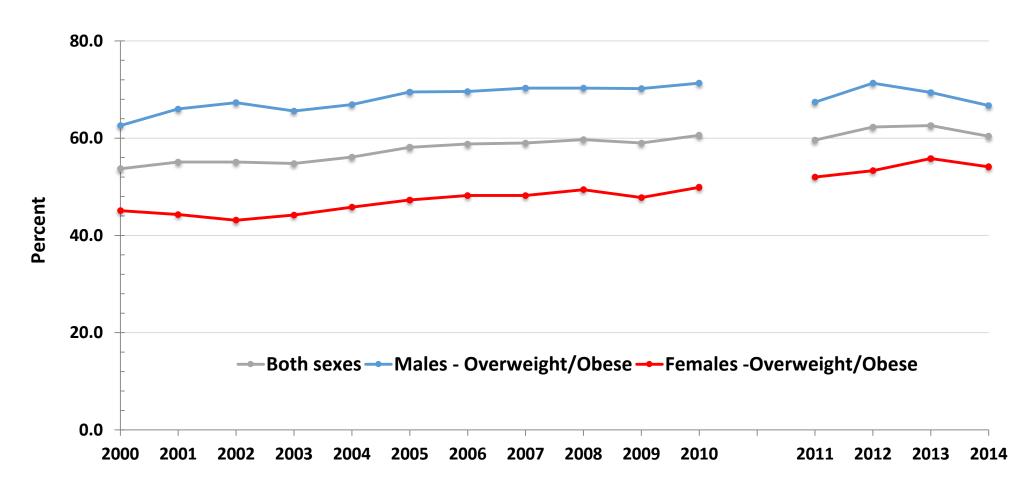


Low Income Census Tracts Considered "Food Deserts," Connecticut, 2009-2013



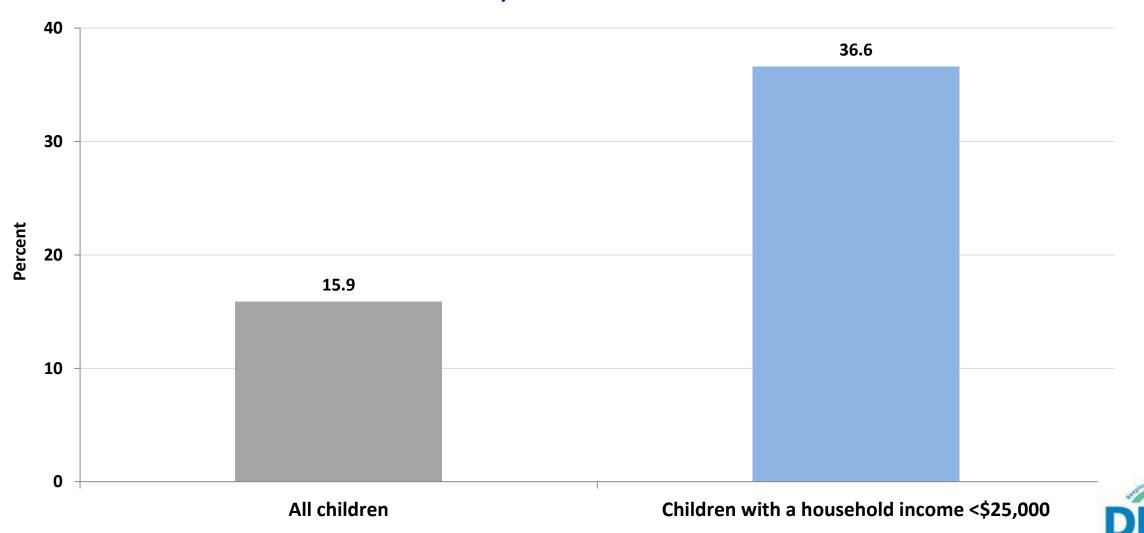


Percent of Overweight or Obese Adults, Connecticut, 2000-2014

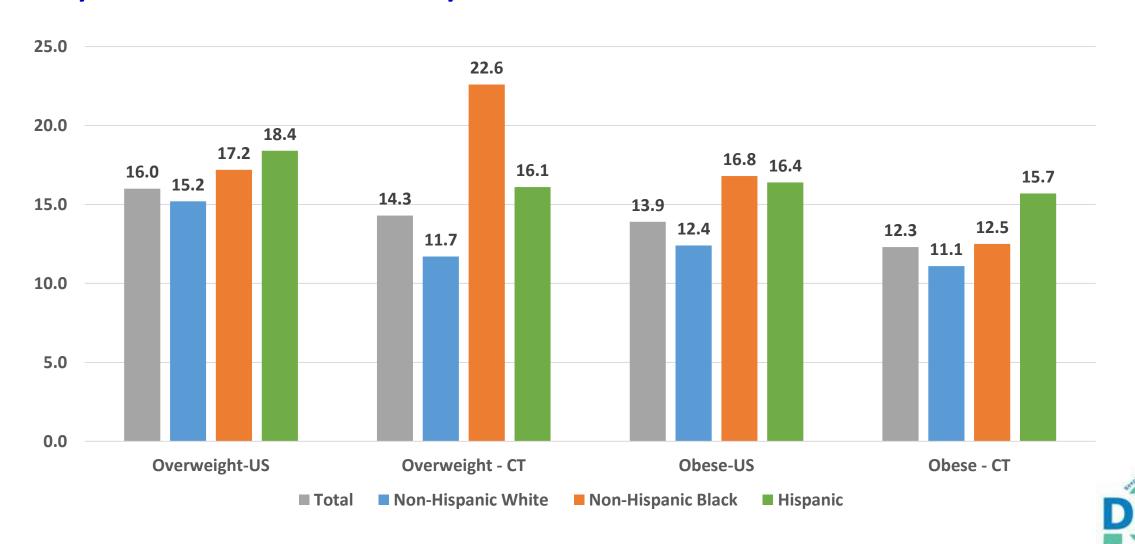




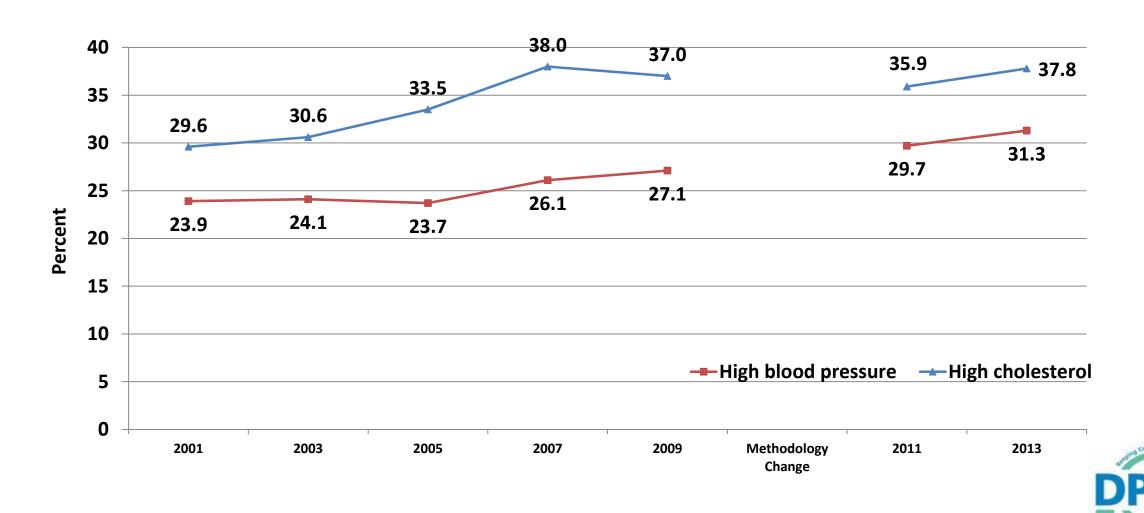
Percent of Children (5-12 Years of Age) Who Are Obese, Connecticut, 2008-2010 combined



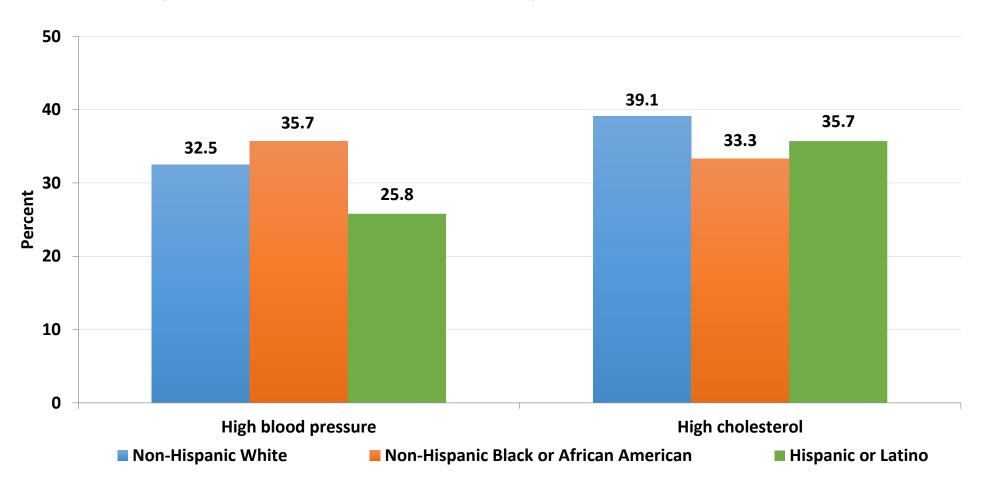
Youth (grades 9-12) Considered Overweight and Obese, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut & United States, 2015



Percent of Adults Ever Told by Provider They had High Blood Pressure or High Cholesterol, Connecticut, 2001-2013

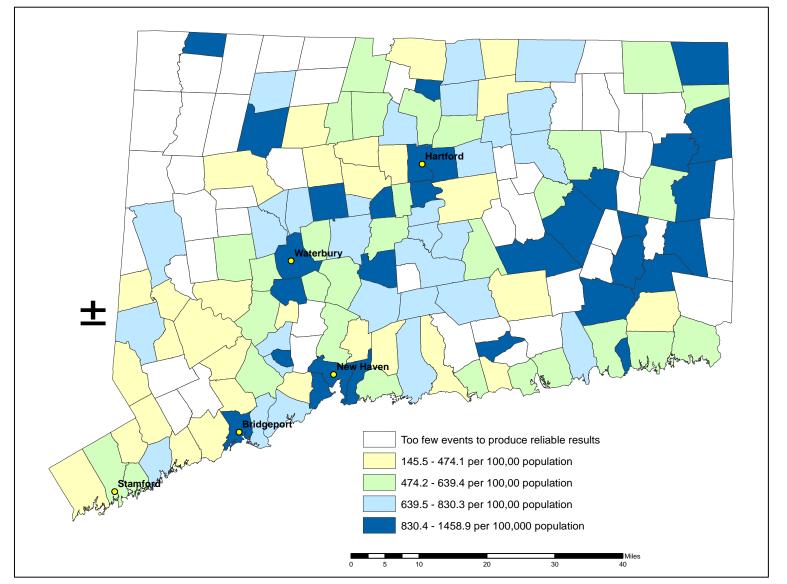


Percent of Adults Ever Told By a HealthCare Provider That They Had High Blood Pressure or High Cholesterol, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013





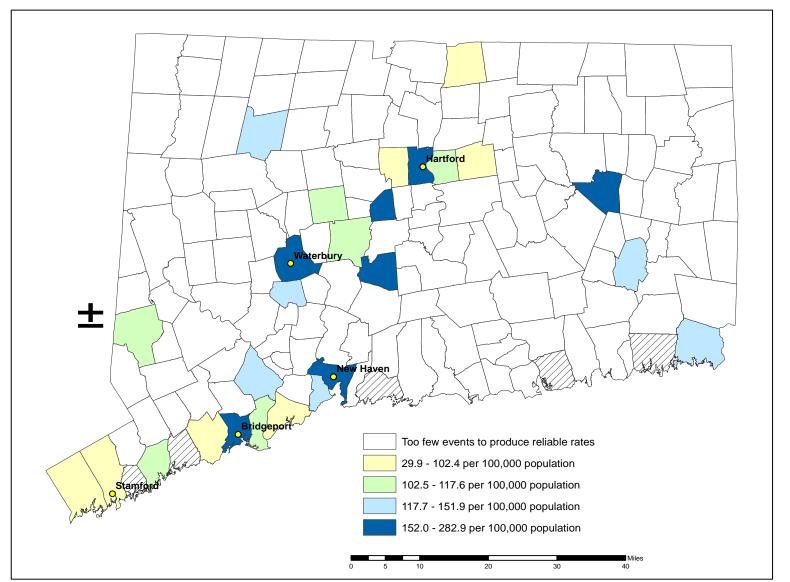
Premature Mortality Due to Heart Disease, Years of Potential Life Lost, Under Age 75, by Town, Connecticut, 2009-2013





Data Source: CDPH Mortality Tables,
YPLLreport_TownWithState_5yr_2009-2013

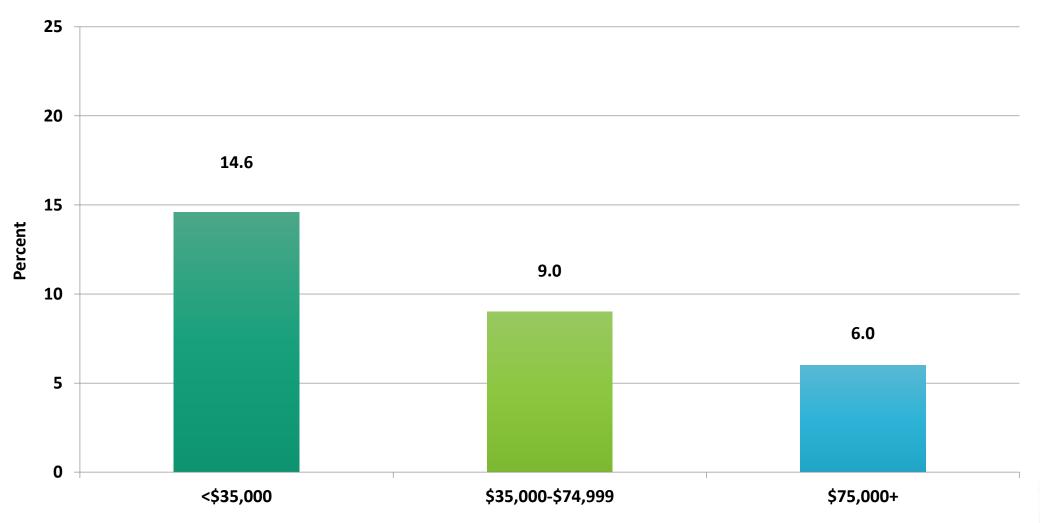
Premature Mortality Due to Stroke, Years of Potential Life Lost Under Age 75, by Town, Connecticut, 2009-2013





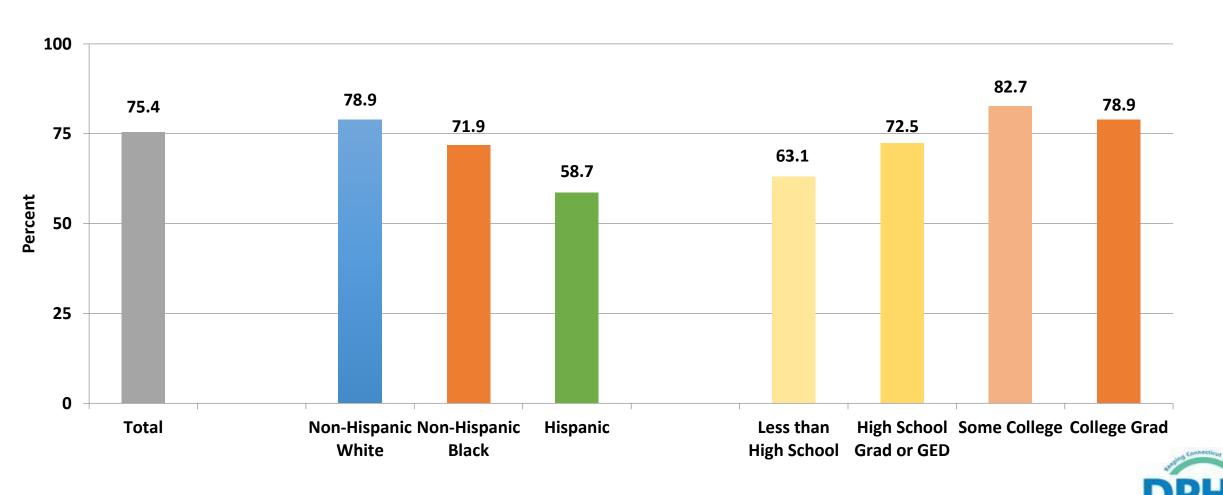
Data Source: CDPH Mortality Tables, YPLLreport TownWithState 5yr 2009-2013

Percent of Adults Ever Told By a Provider That They Had Diabetes, by Income, Connecticut, 2014



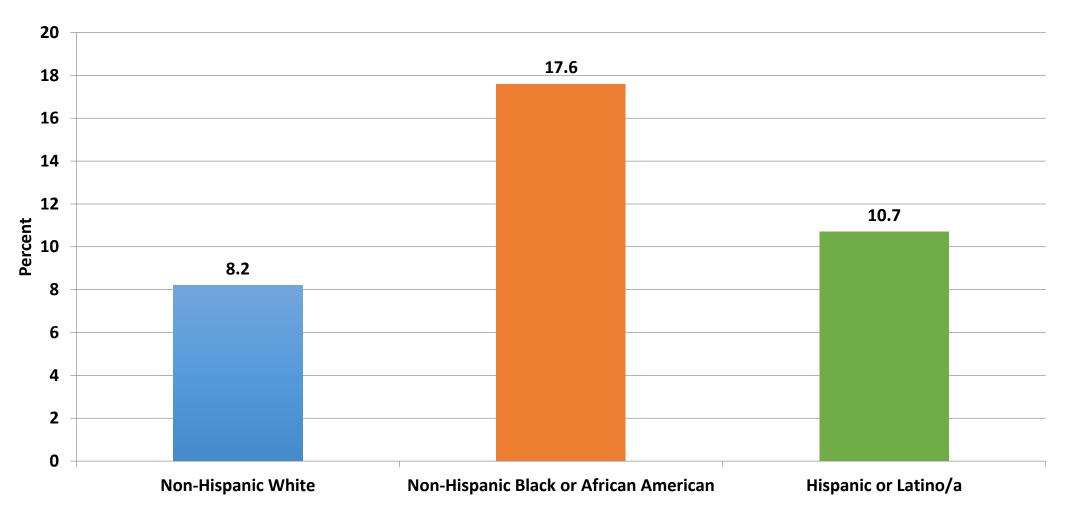


Percent of Adults with Diabetes Who Had at Least 2 A1C Tests in the Past Year, Connecticut, 2012-2014



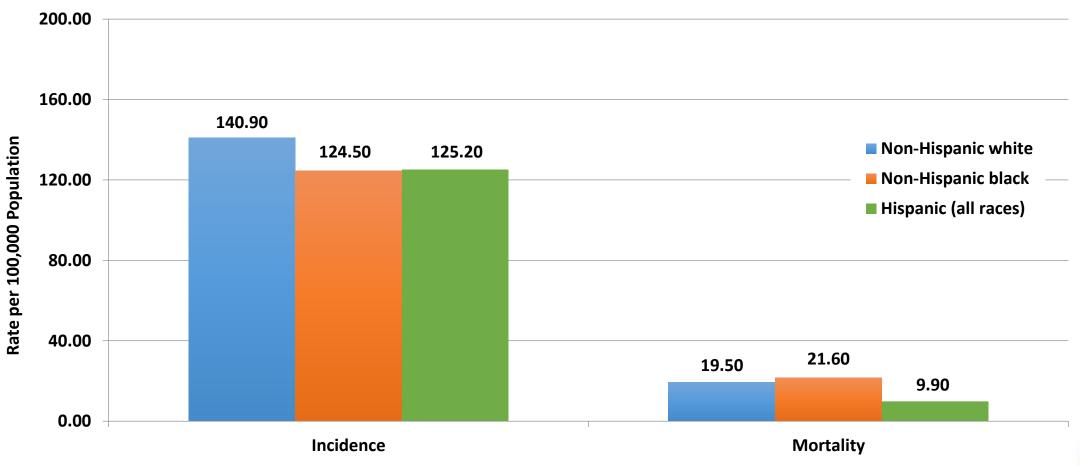
Data Source: BRFSS, 2012-2014

Percent of Adults Ever Told by a Provider That They Have Diabetes, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2014



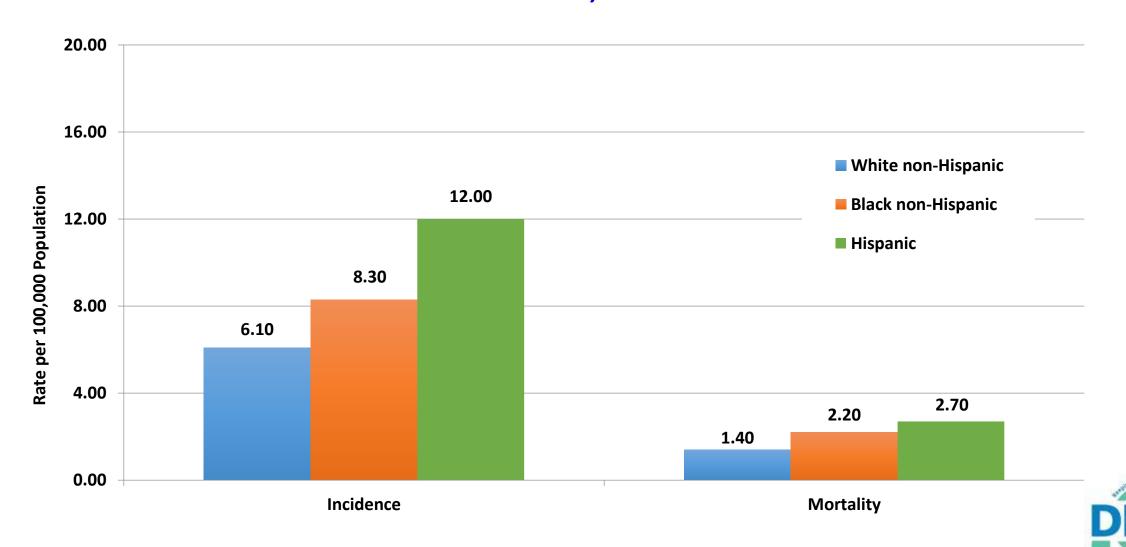


Female Breast Cancer Incidence and Mortality Rate, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2011-2013

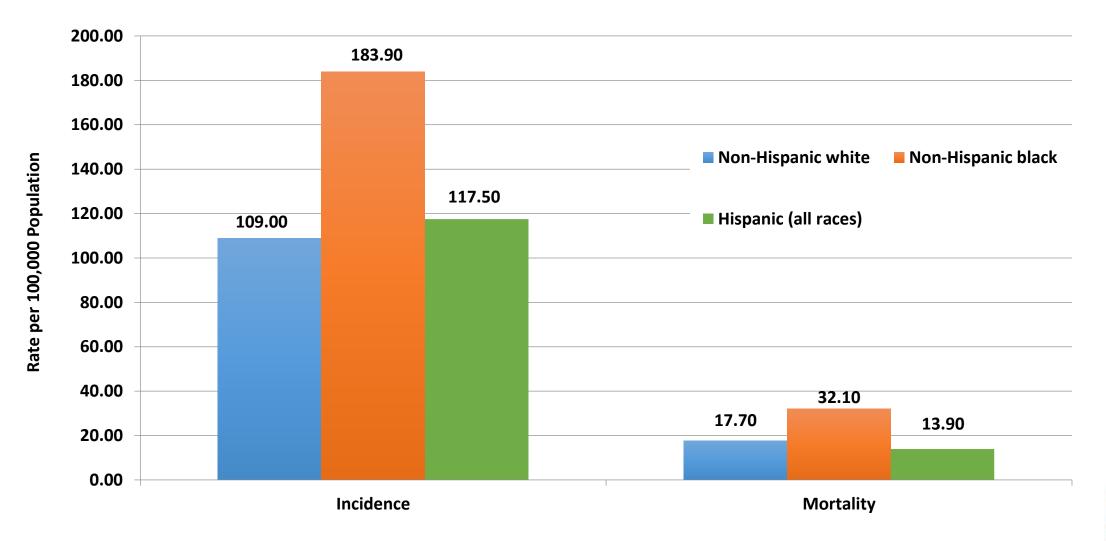




Cervical Cancer Incidence and Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2011-2013

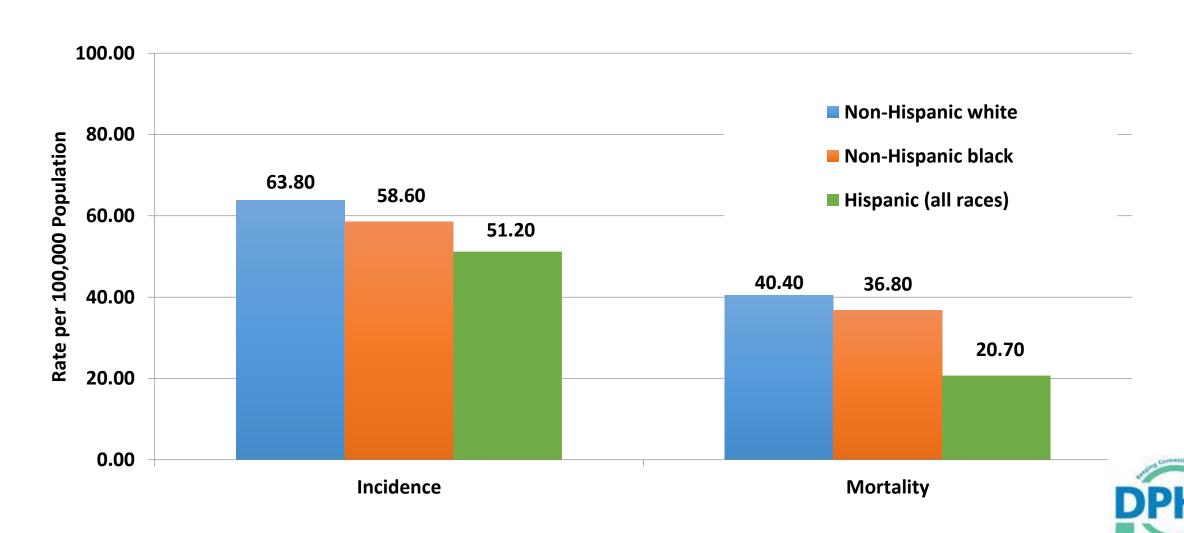


Prostate Cancer Incidence and Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2008-2010

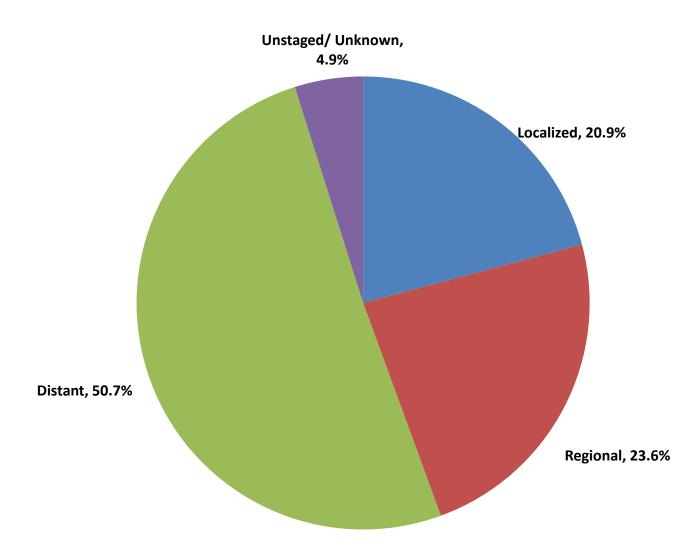




Lung Cancer Incidence and Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2011-2013

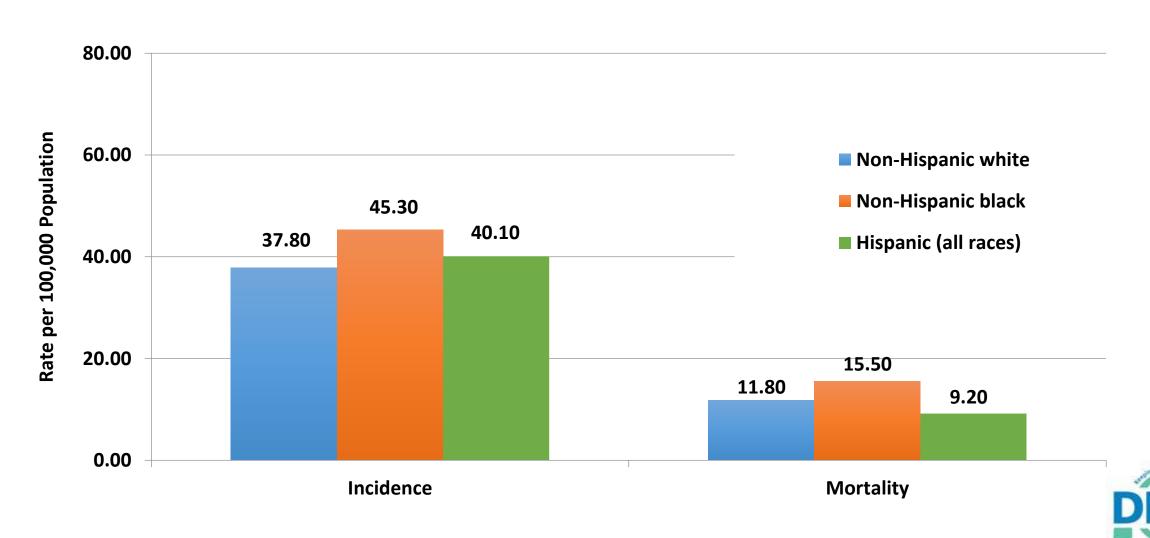


Stage of Lung Cancer Diagnosis, Connecticut, 2008-2012

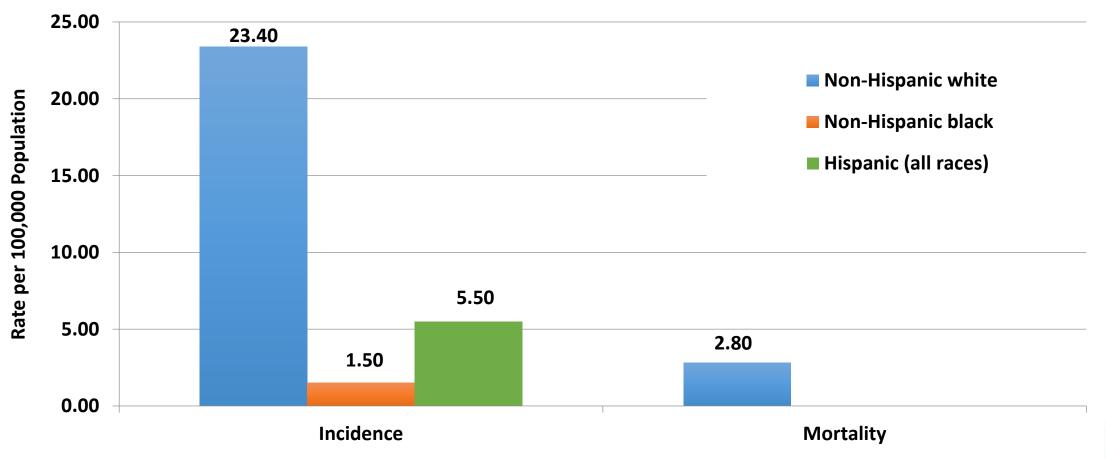




Colorectal Cancer Incidence and Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2008-2010

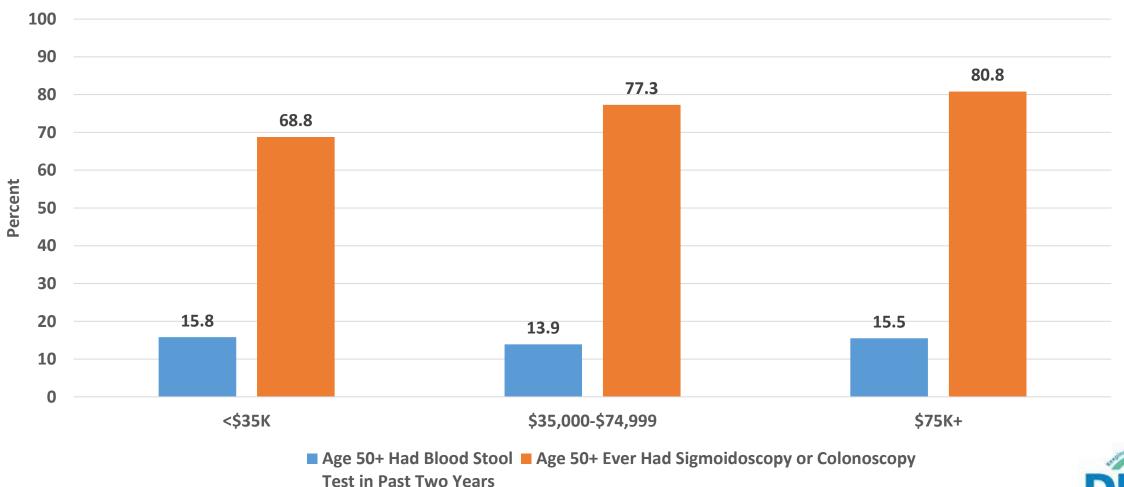


Melanoma Incidence and Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2008-2010





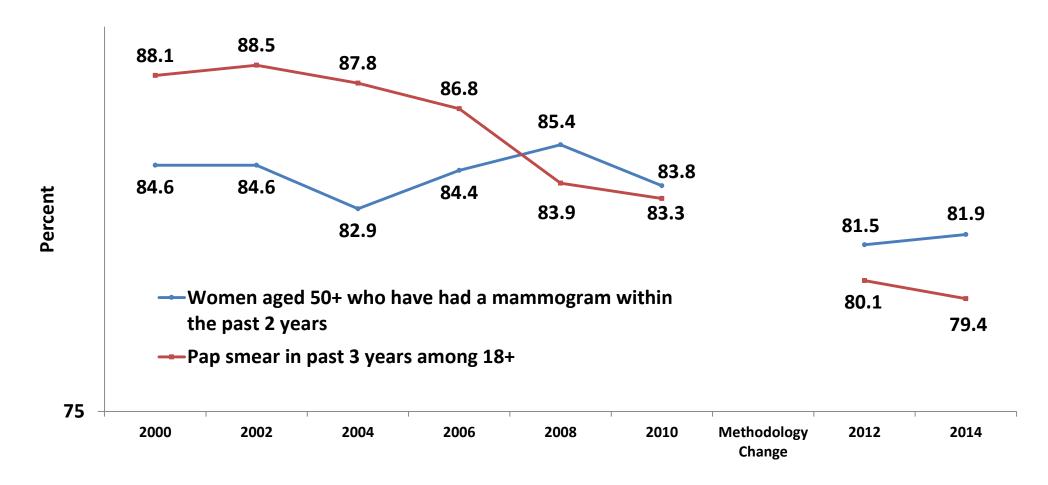
Percent of Adults Aged 50+ Screened for Colorectal Cancer, by Income, Connecticut, 2014





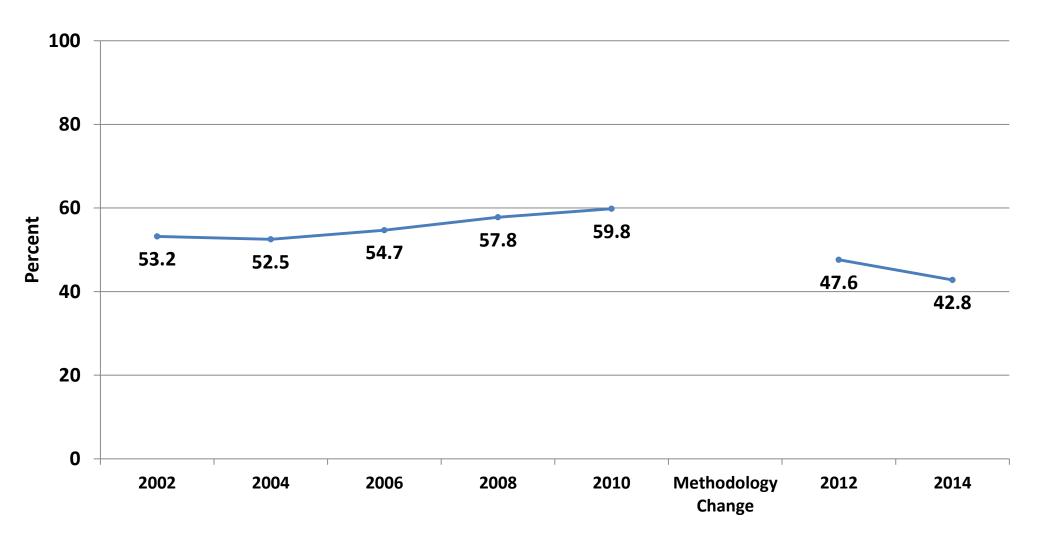
Data Source: BRFSS 2014 (www.cdc.gov/brfss)

Female Cancer Screening Behaviors, Connecticut, 2000-2014





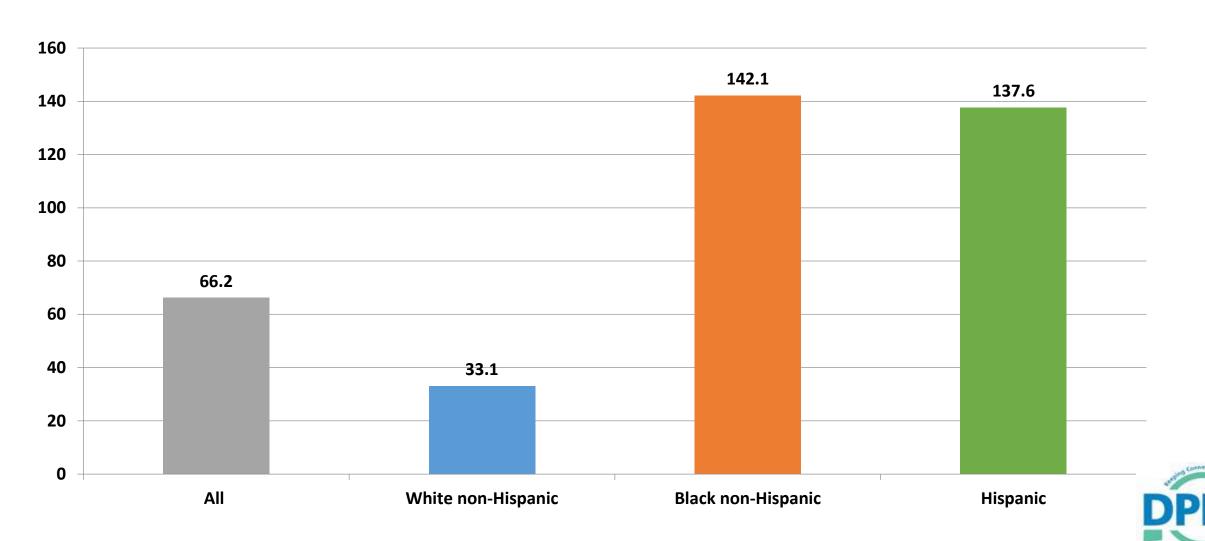
Male Cancer Screening Behaviors, Connecticut, 2002-2014



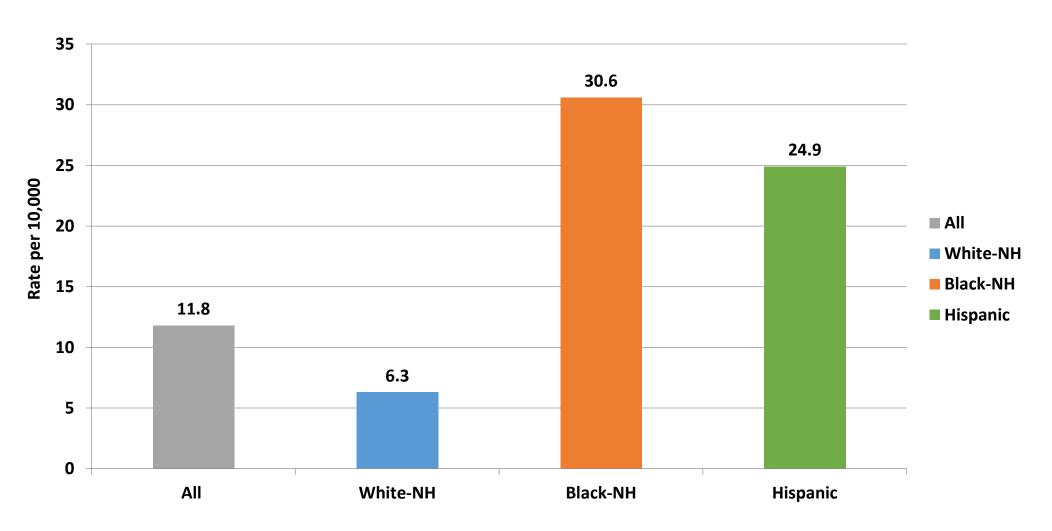


Data Source: BRFSS 2014 (www.cdc.gov/brfss)

Rate of Asthma ED Visits, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2014

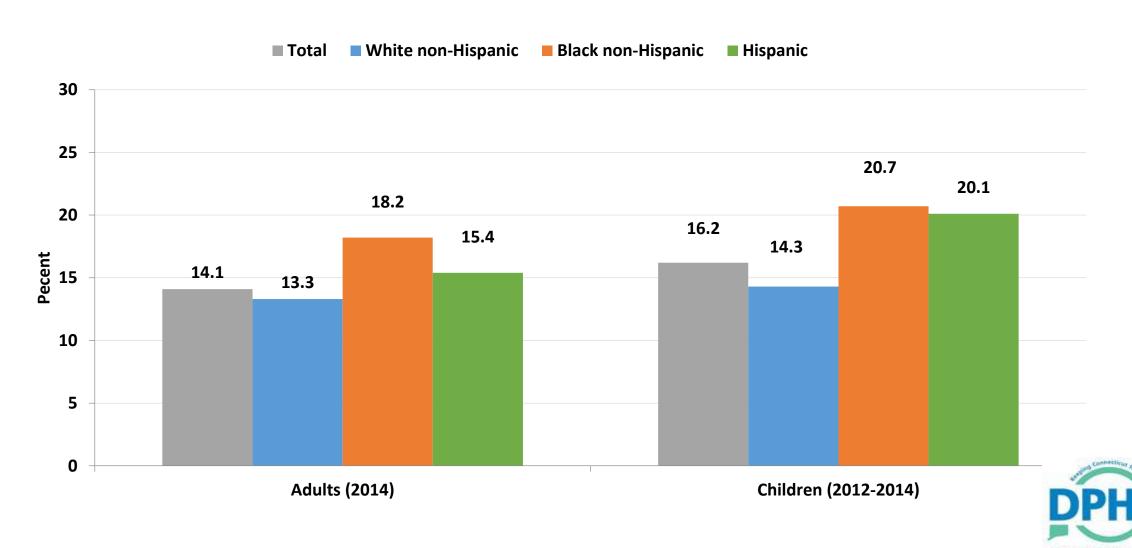


Rate of Asthma Hospitalizations, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2014



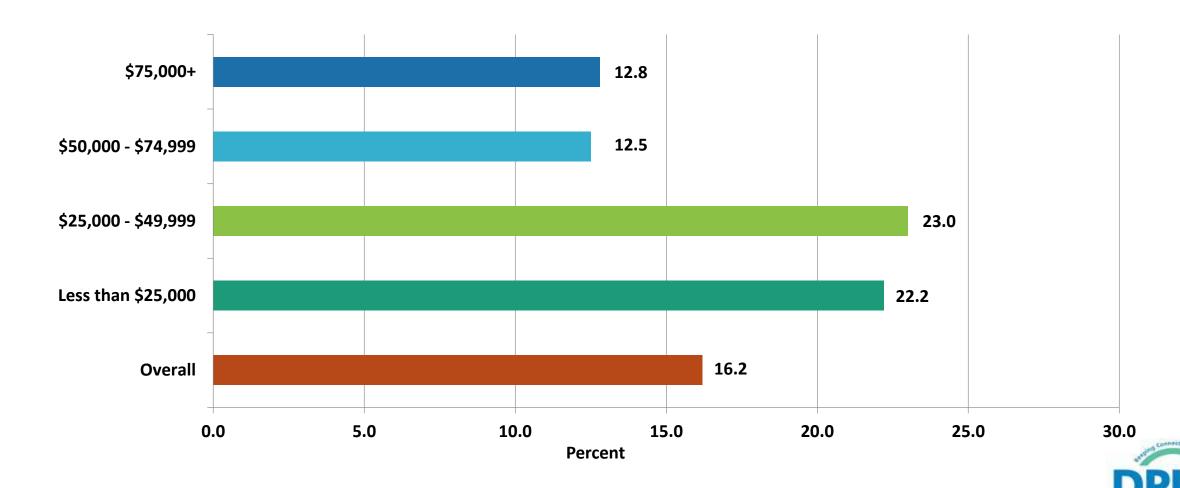


Percent of Children and Adults Ever Told They Have Asthma, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2012-2014

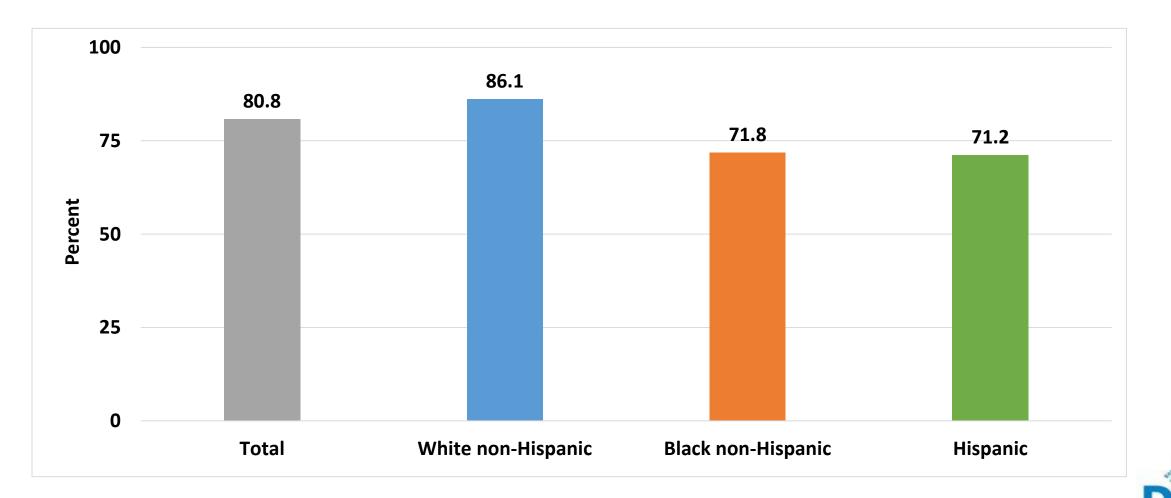


Data Source: BRFSS 2012-2014

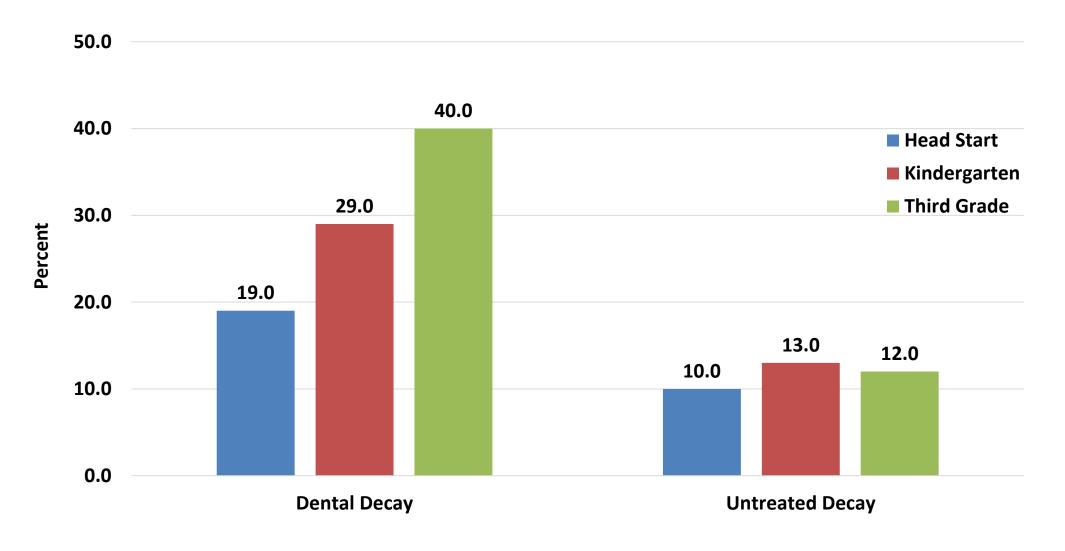
Percent of Children Ever Told They Have Asthma, by Income, Connecticut, 2012-2014



Percent of High School Students Who Saw a Dentist in the Past 12 Months, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2015

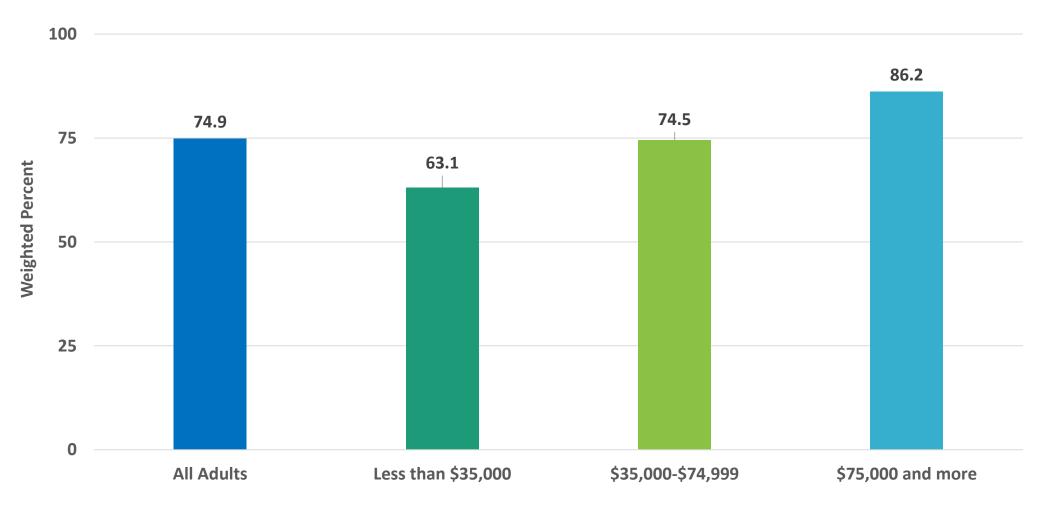


Dental Decay and Untreated Decay, by Grade, Connecticut, 2010-2011



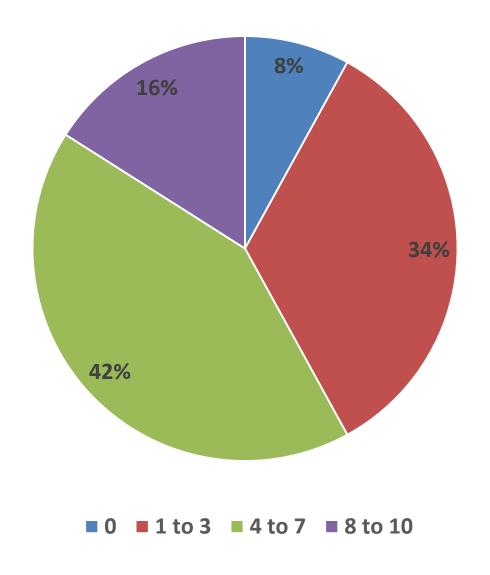


Adults Who Visited the Dentist or Dental Clinic in the Past Year for any Reason, Connecticut, 2014





Arthritis Pain Level, 0 to 10, Connecticut, 2013



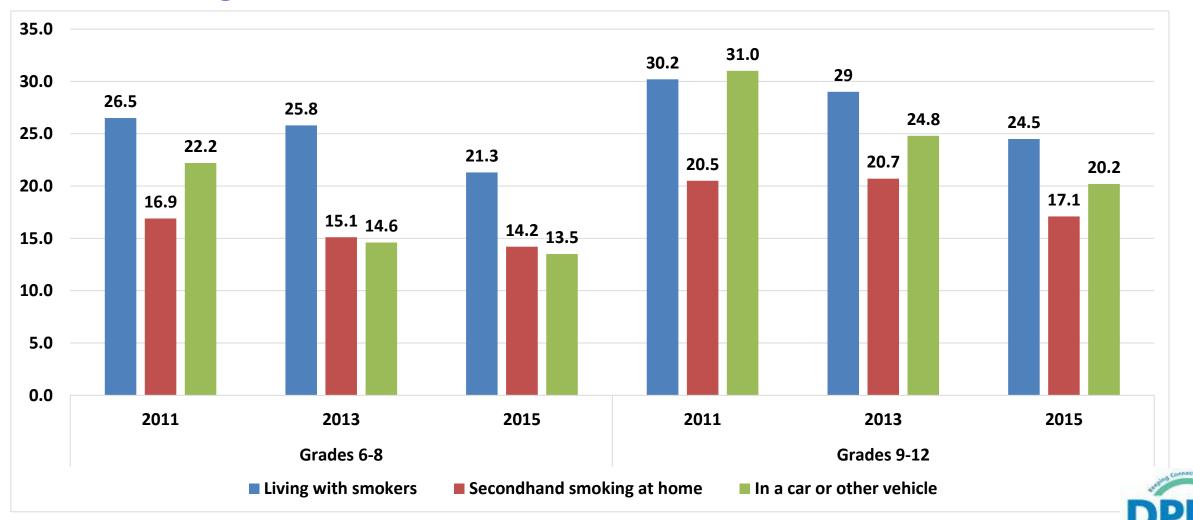


Data Source: CT BRFSS 2013

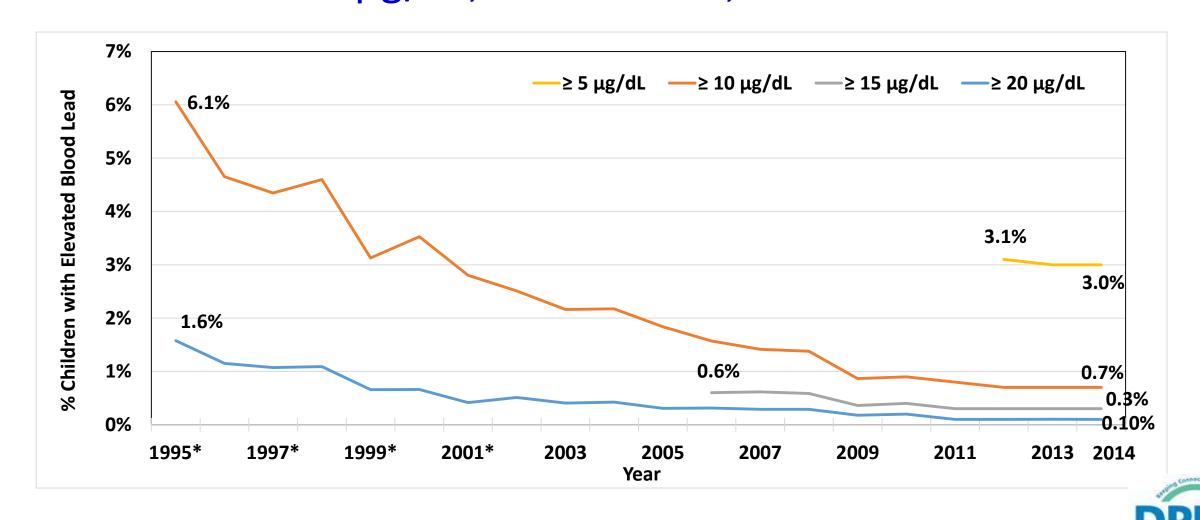
ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH



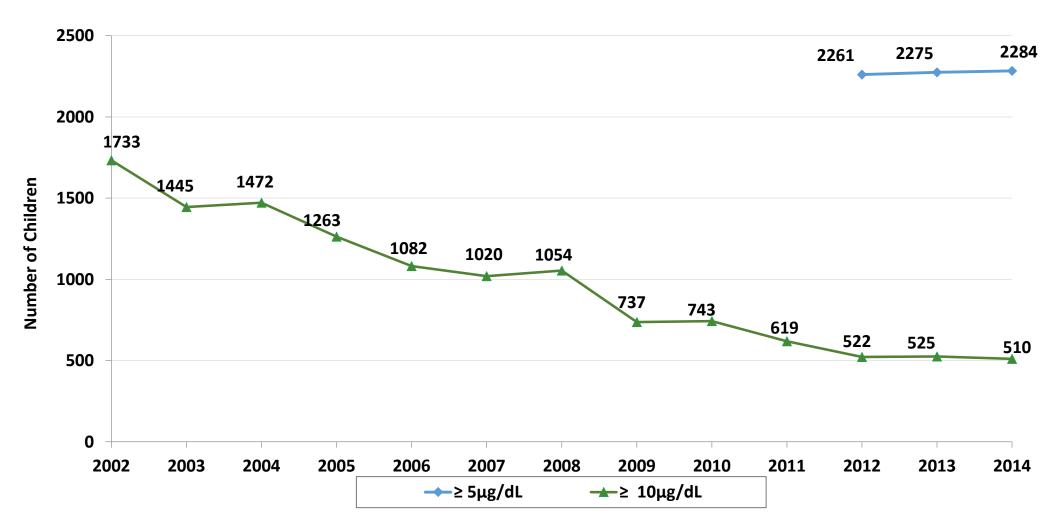
Secondhand Smoke Exposure Among Connecticut Middle and High School Students, Connecticut, 2011-2015



Prevalence of Children <6 Years of Age With Blood Lead Levels ≥5µg/dL, Connecticut, 1995-2014

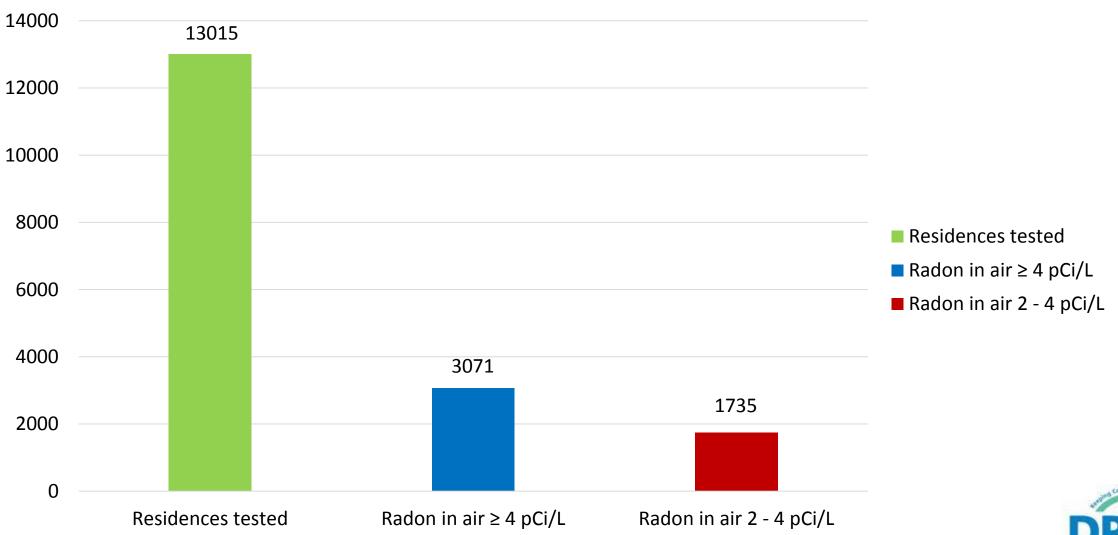


Number of Children Under 6 Years of Age With Lead Poisoning, Connecticut, 2002-2014



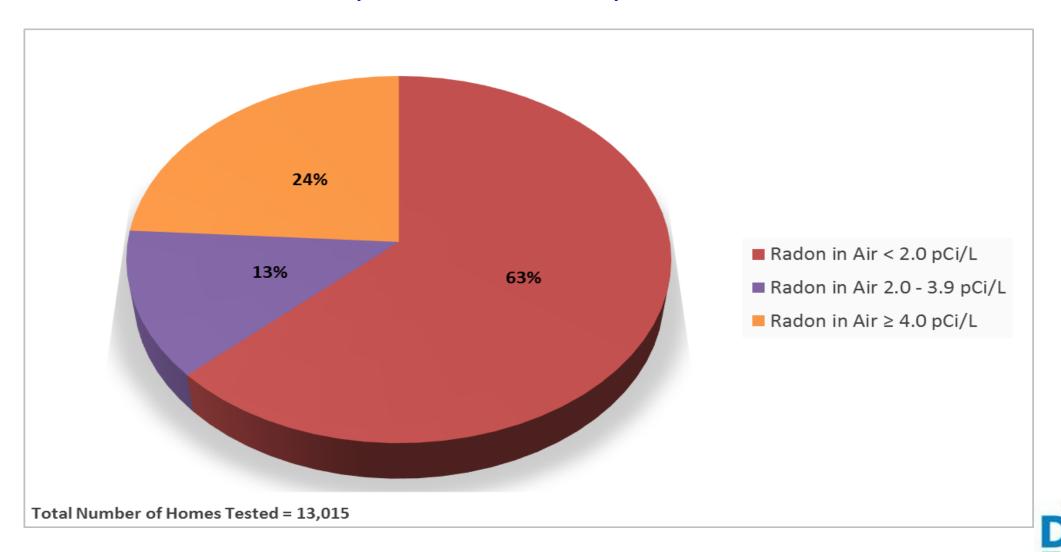


Residential Radon Air Levels, Connecticut, 1998-2016





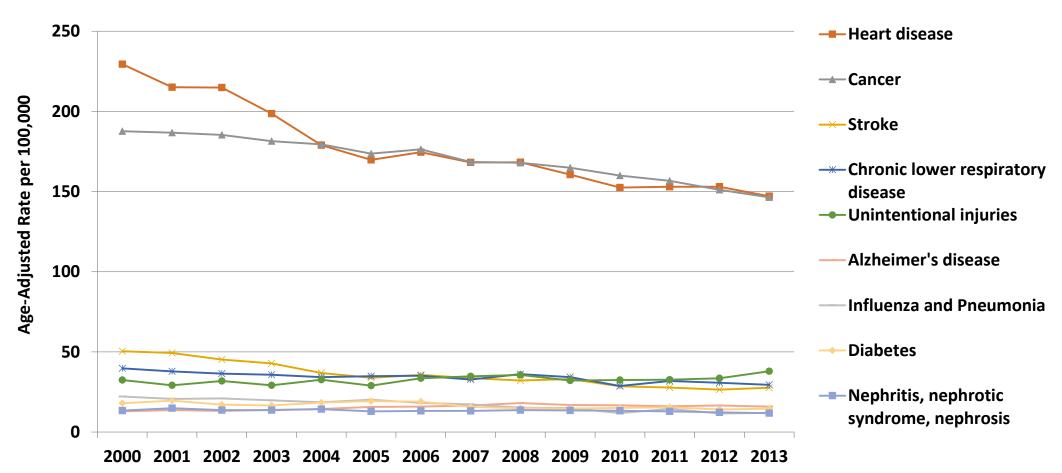
Residential Radon Air Levels by Percentage of Homes Tested, Connecticut, 1998-2016



MORTALITY AND HOSPITALIZATION

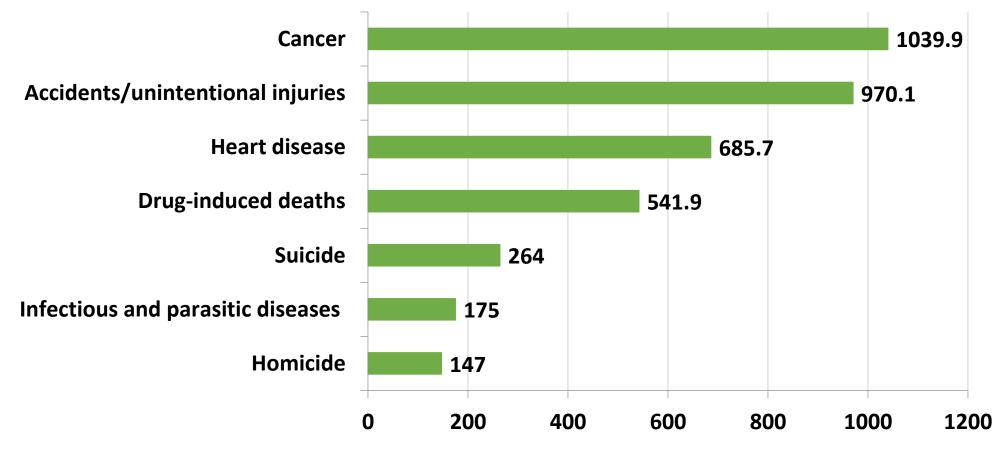


Age-adjusted Mortality Rate For Leading Causes Of Death, Connecticut, 2000-2013





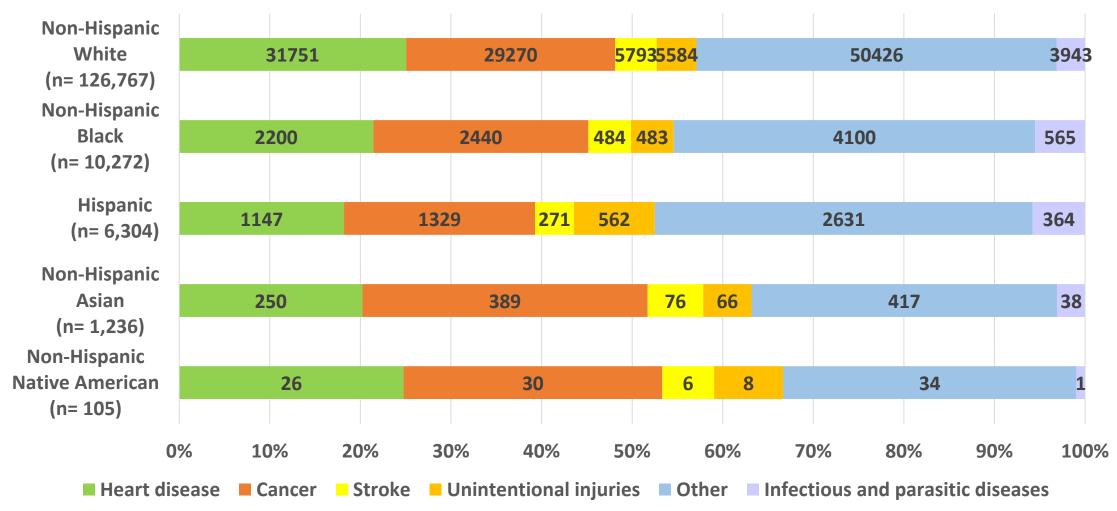
Age Adjusted Leading Causes of Premature Mortality (Years of Potential Life Lost Before 75 Years of Age), Connecticut 2013





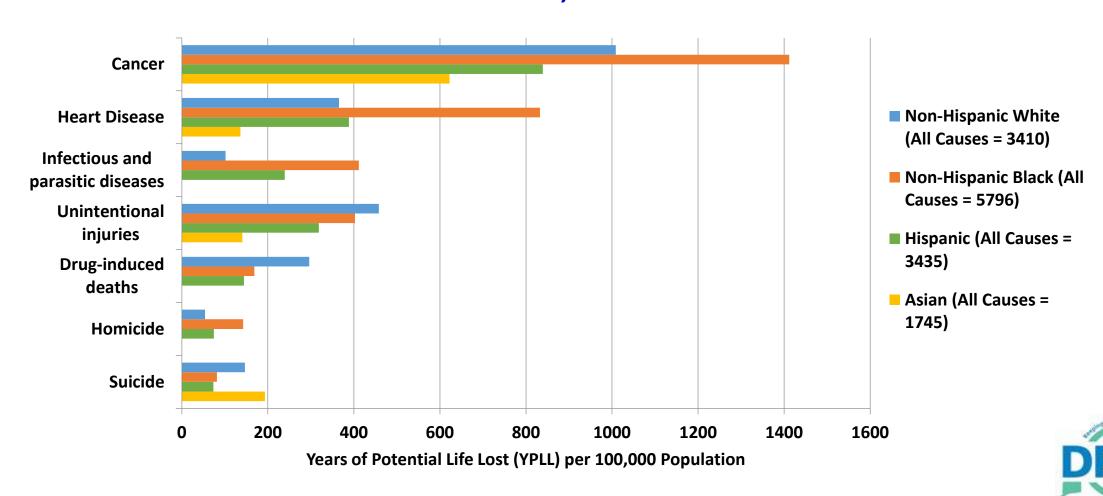


Number Of Deaths For Leading Causes Of Mortality, by Race And Ethnicity, Connecticut 2009-2013

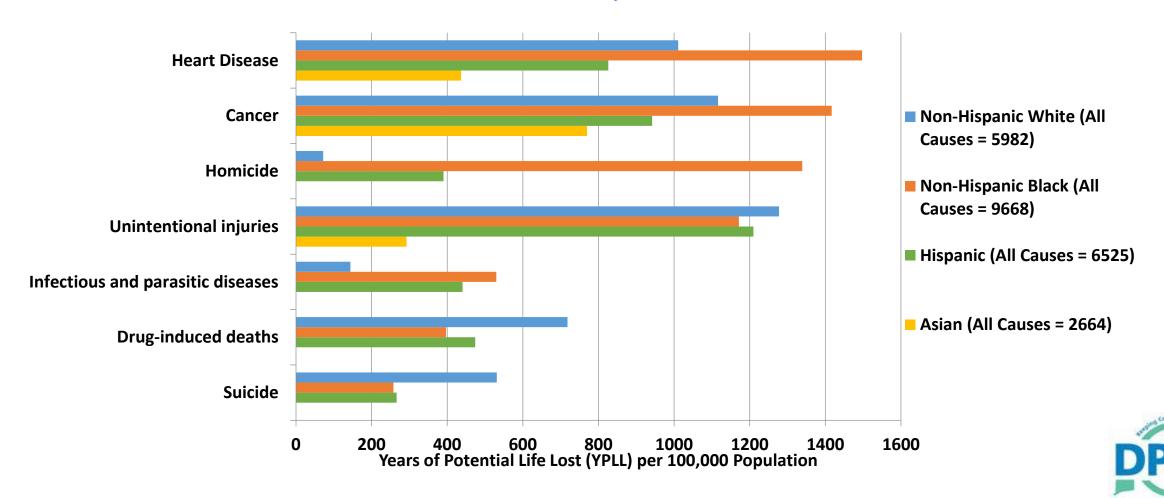




Age-adjusted Rates For Leading Causes Of Premature Mortality (Years Of Potential Life Lost Before 75 Years Of Age) For Females, Connecticut, 2009-2013



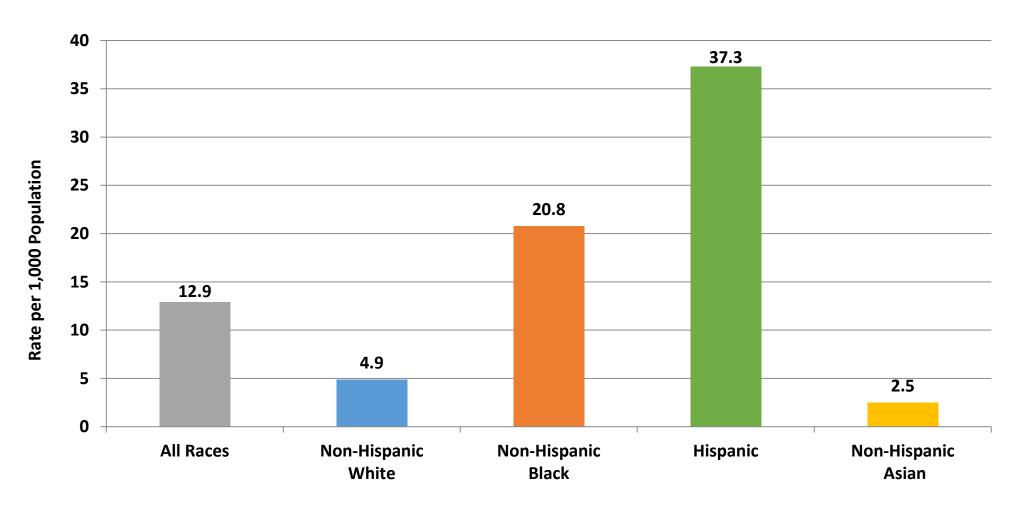
Age-adjusted Rates For Leading Causes Of Premature Mortality (Years Of Potential Life Lost Before 75 Years Of Age) For Males, Connecticut, 2009-2013



MATERNAL, INFANT, AND CHILD HEALTH



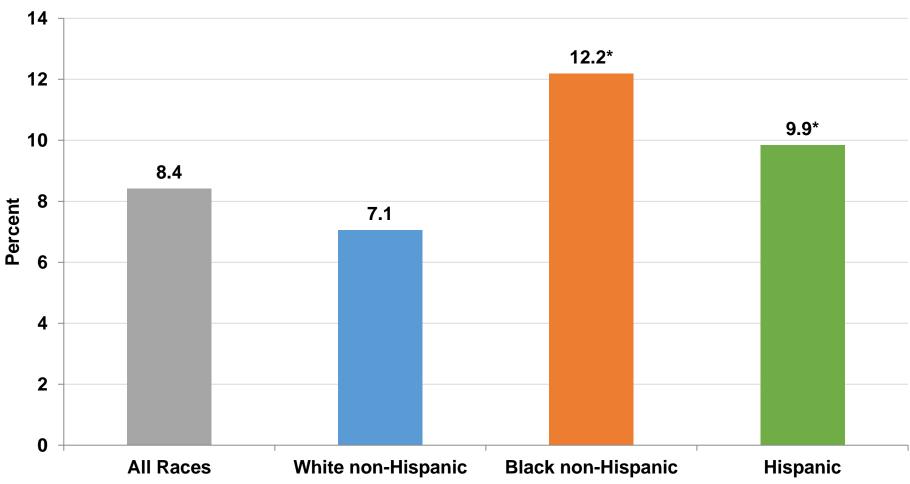
Birth Rate To Teen Mothers (15-19 Years Of Age), by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013





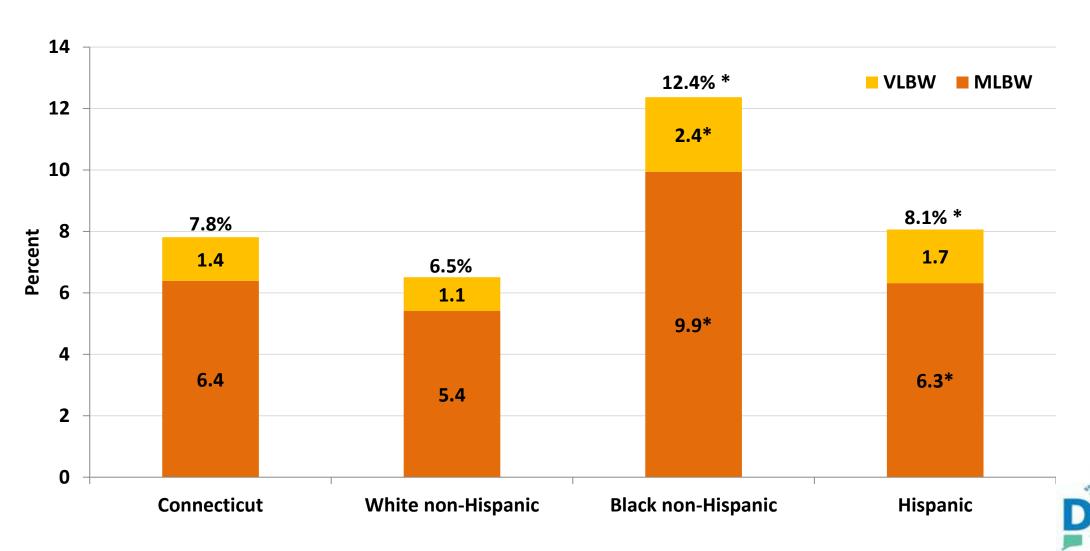
Data Source: CT DPH, HSS, SAR

Percent Of Singleton Pre-Term Births, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013

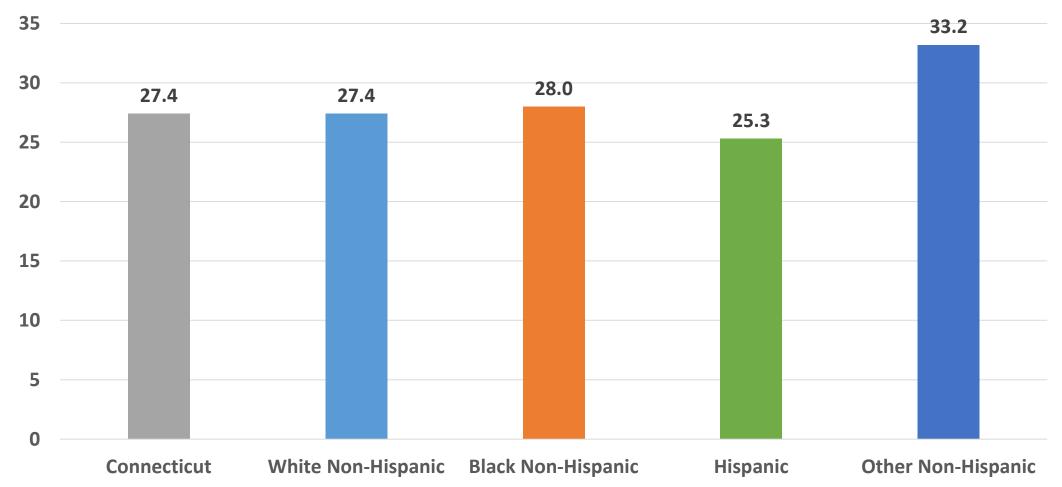




Low Birthweight: Very Low, Moderate, and Total, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013

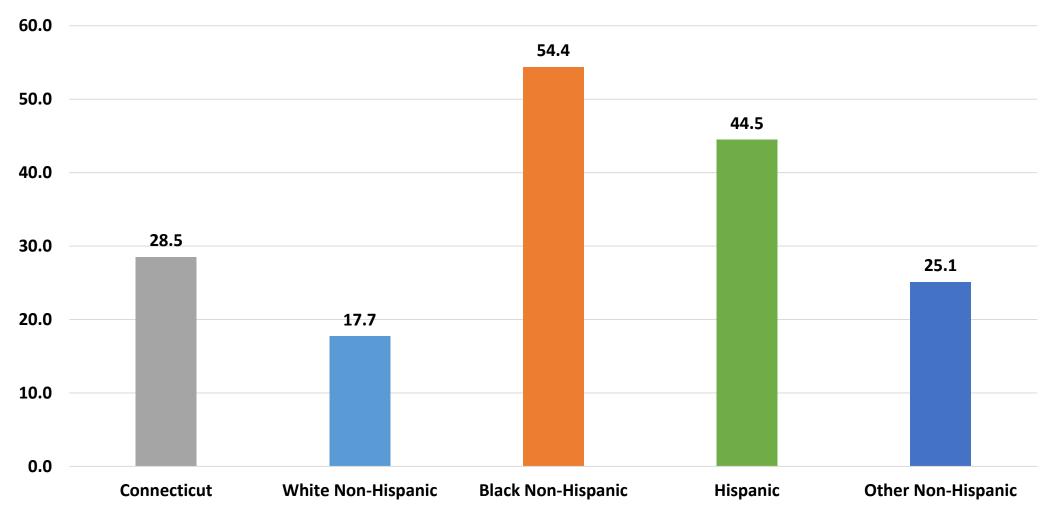


Percent Of Women Who Had A Preconception Health Discussion with a Health Care Provider in the 12 Months Prior to Pregnancy, by Maternal Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013



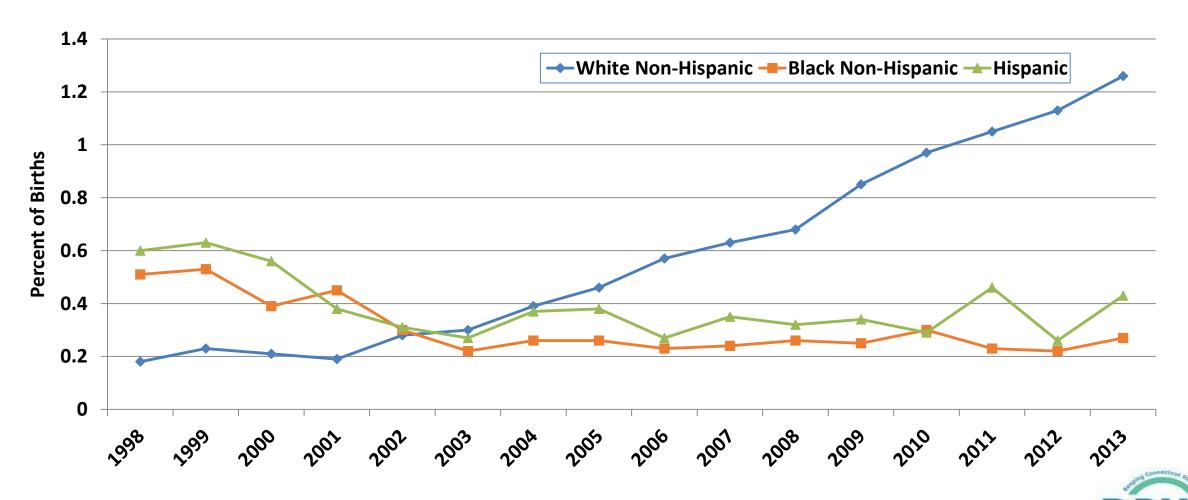


Percent of Women With An Unplanned Pregnancy, by Maternal Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2013

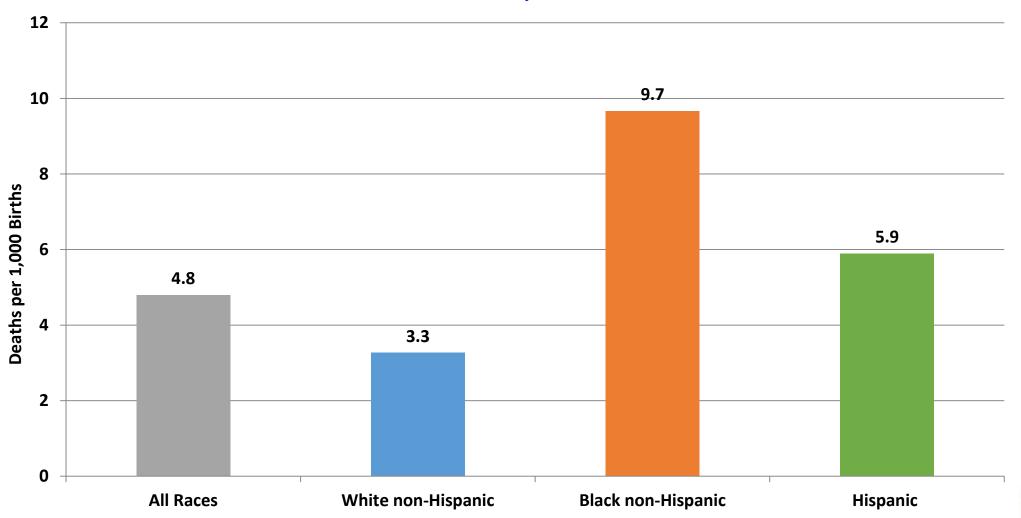




Percent Of Children Born With Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 1998-2013



Infant Mortality Rate, by Mother's Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2011-2013

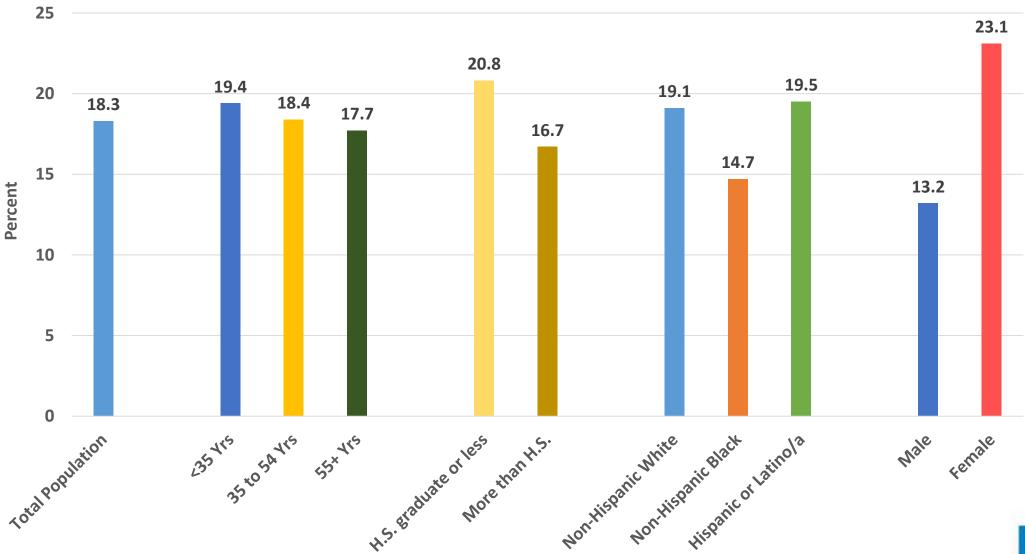




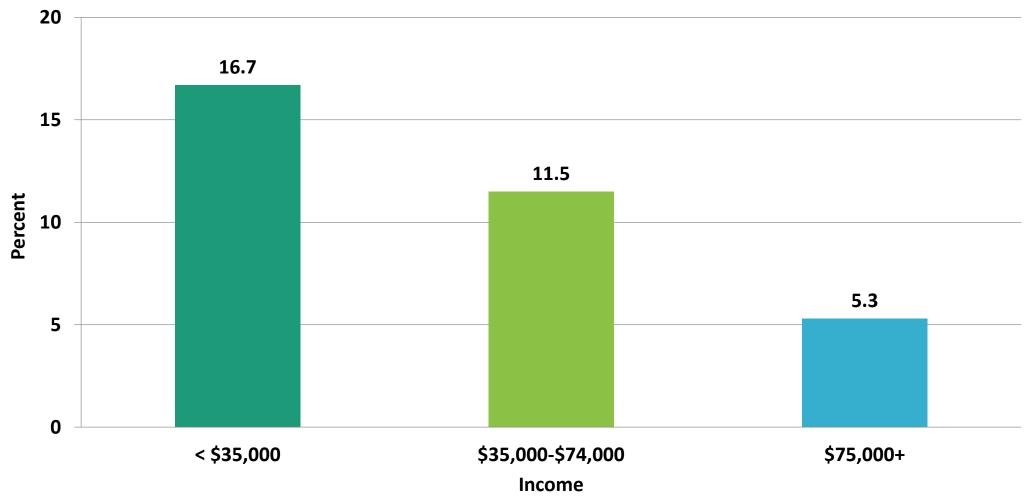
MENTAL HEALTH, ALCOHOL, AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE



Percent of Adults with Depressive Disorder, Connecticut, 2014

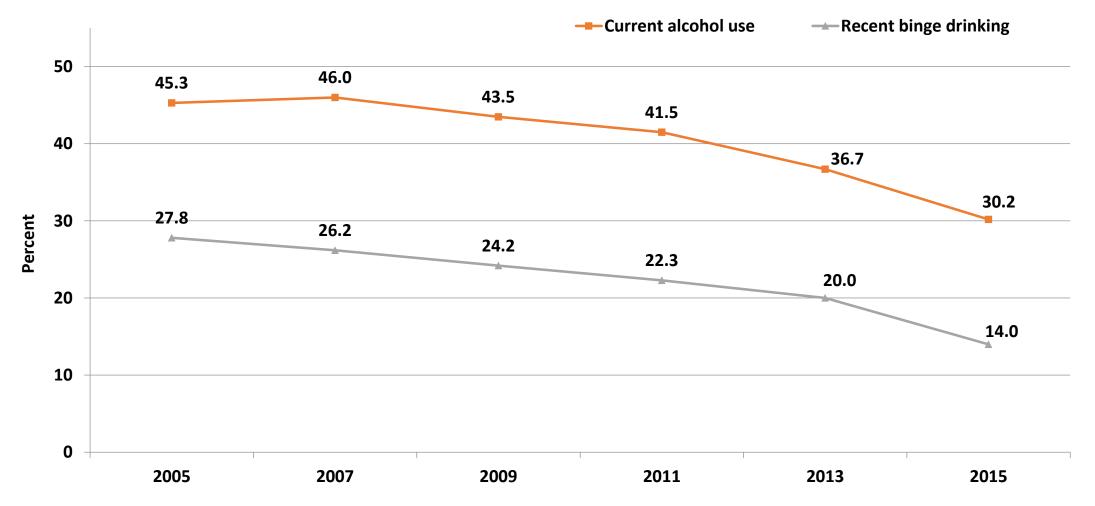


Percent of Adults Who Had at Least 14 Poor Mental Health Days in the Past Month, by Education, Connecticut, 2014



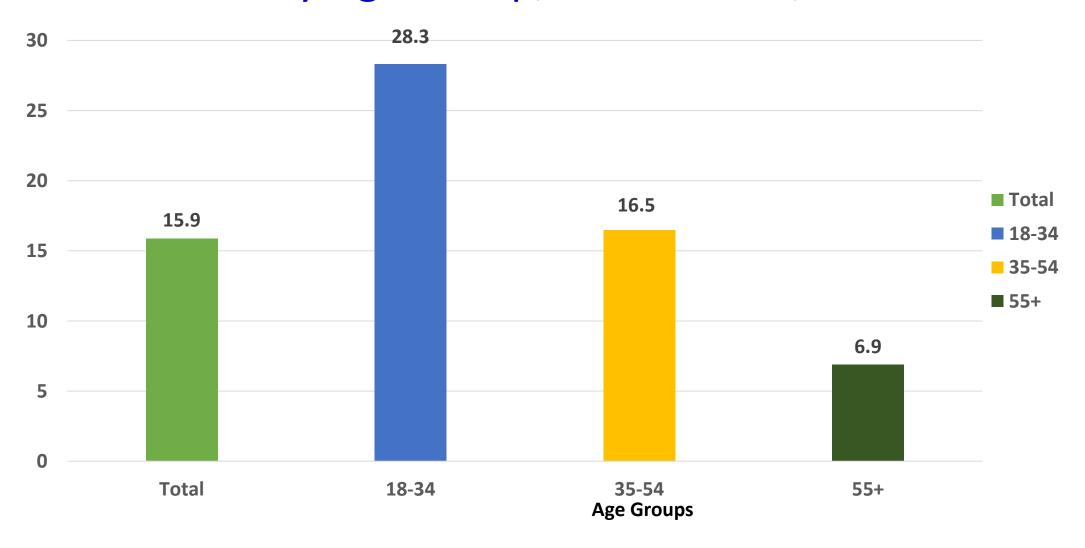


Current Alcohol Use and Binge Drinking Among Youth (Grades 9-12), Connecticut, 2005-2015



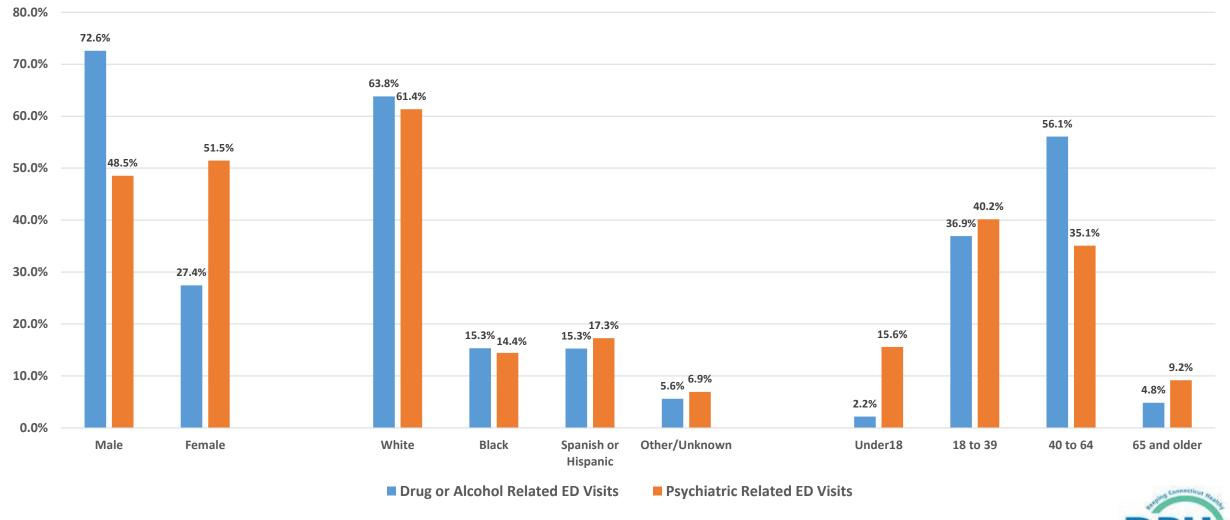


Percent of Adults Who Binge Drink Alcoholic Beverages, by Age Group, Connecticut, 2014



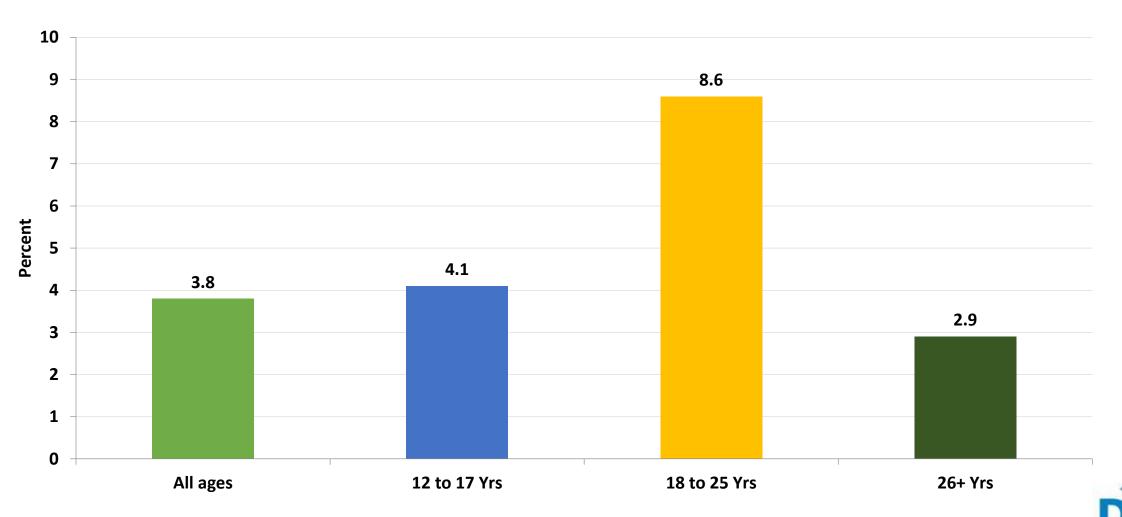


Emergency Department Visits for Psychiatric and Drug or Alcohol-Related Mental Disorders, Connecticut, 2012 to 2014

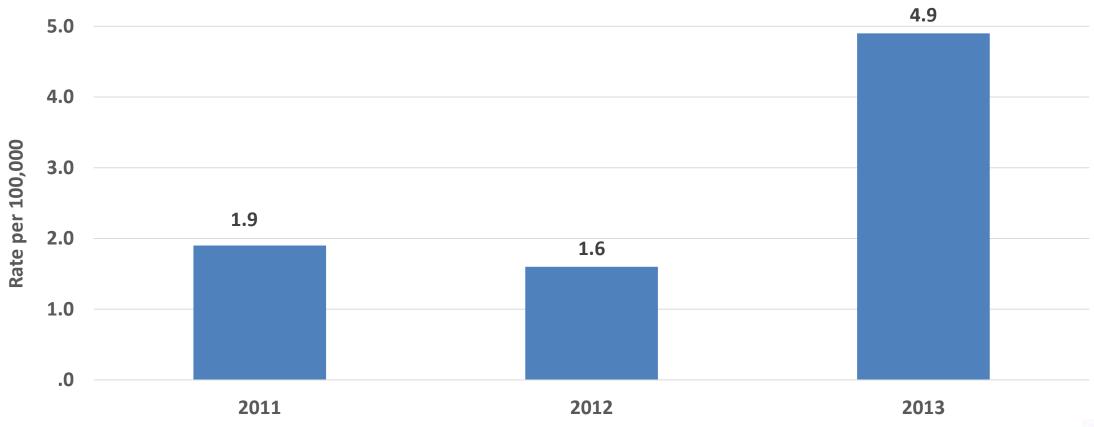




Non-medical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year, by Age Group, Connecticut, 2013-2014

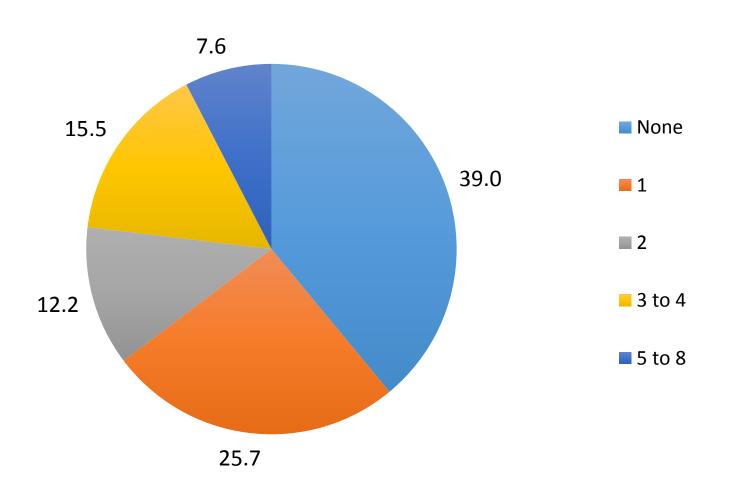


Rate of Unintentional Prescription Opioid Overdose Deaths per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, 2011-2013





Percent of Adults Who Report Adverse Childhood Experiences, by Number of Adverse Childhood Experiences, Connecticut, 2013

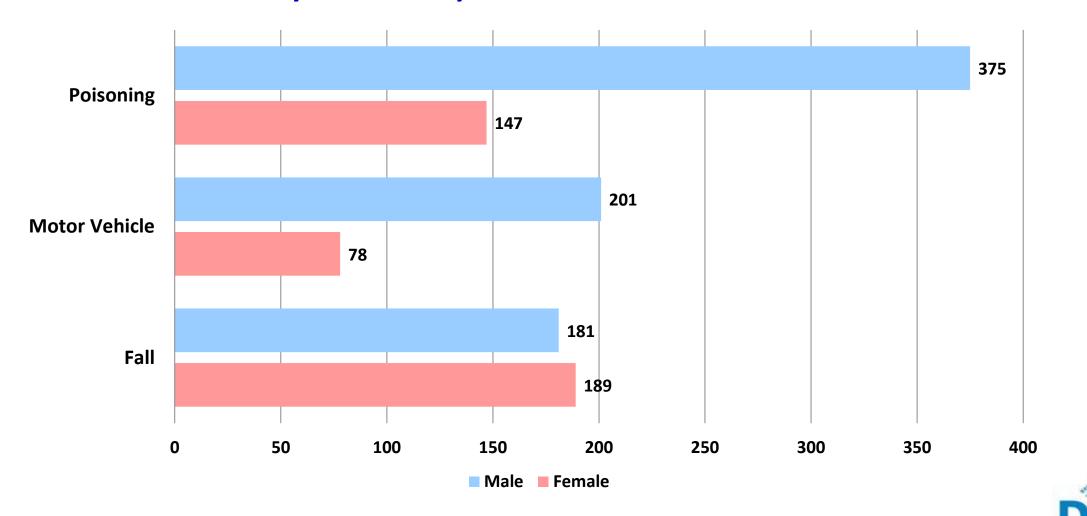




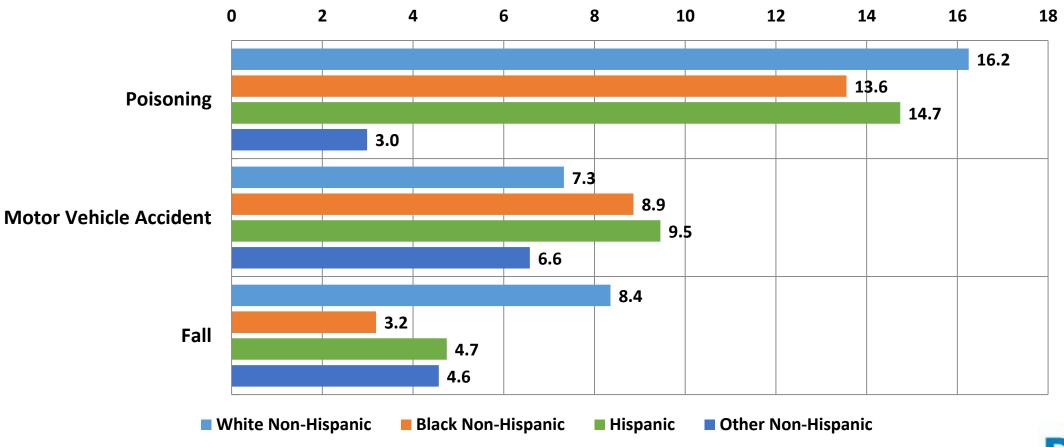
INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION



Number of Unintentional Injury Deaths in Connecticut Residents, by Primary Cause of Death and Sex, 2013



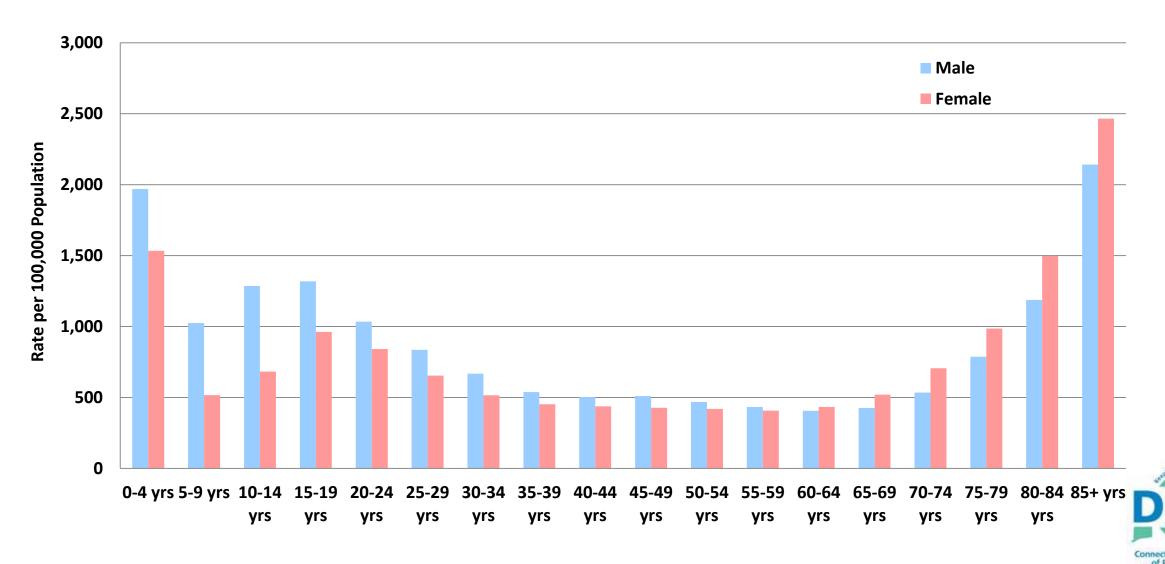
Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Injury Deaths per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, by Cause of Death and Race and Ethnicity, 2013



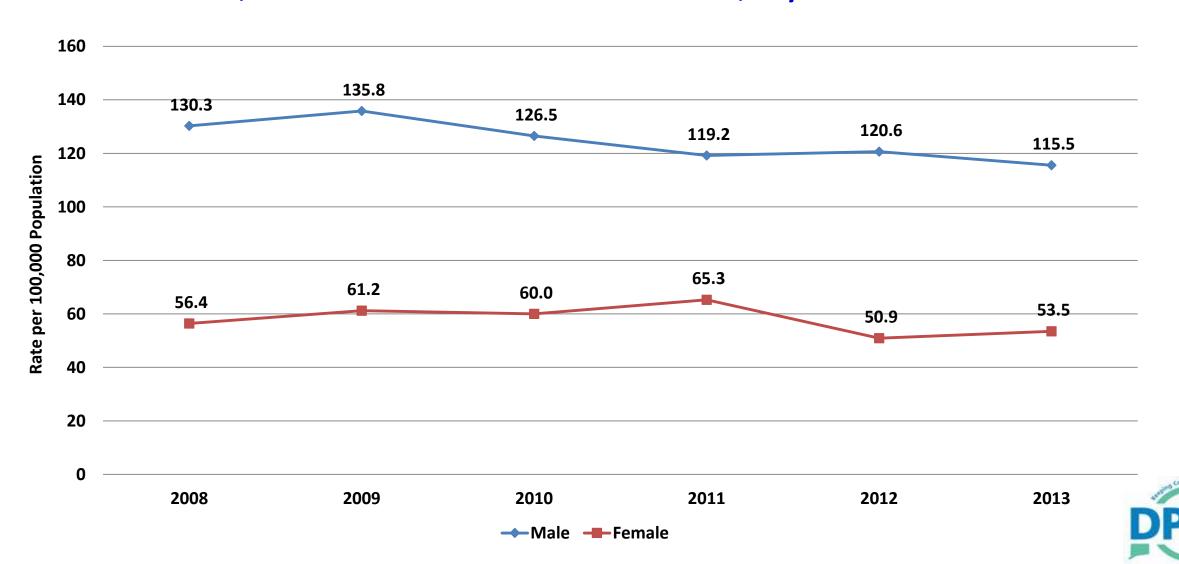


Data Source: CT DPH Mortality Data

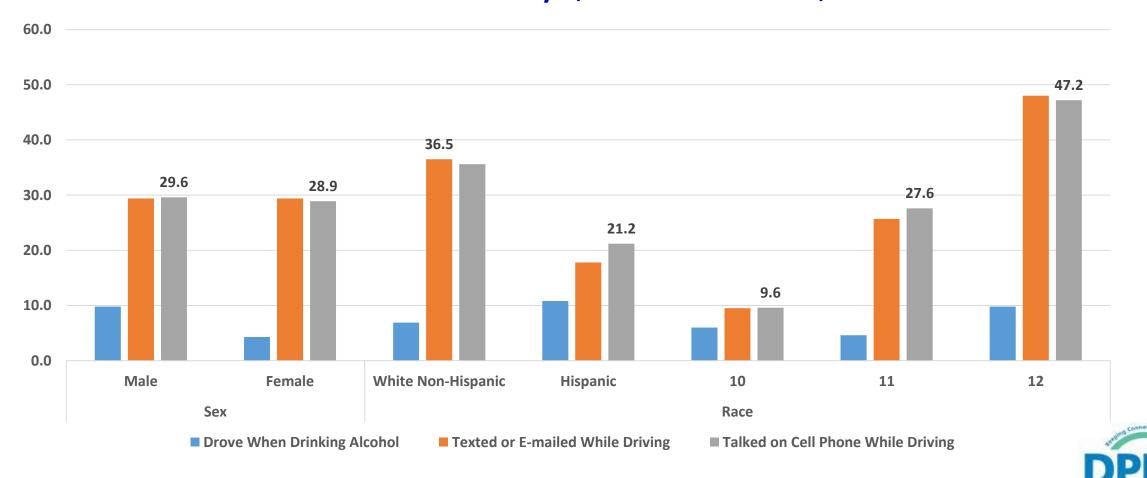
Average Annual Rate of Traumatic Brain Injury ED Visits per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, by Age and Sex, 2008-2013



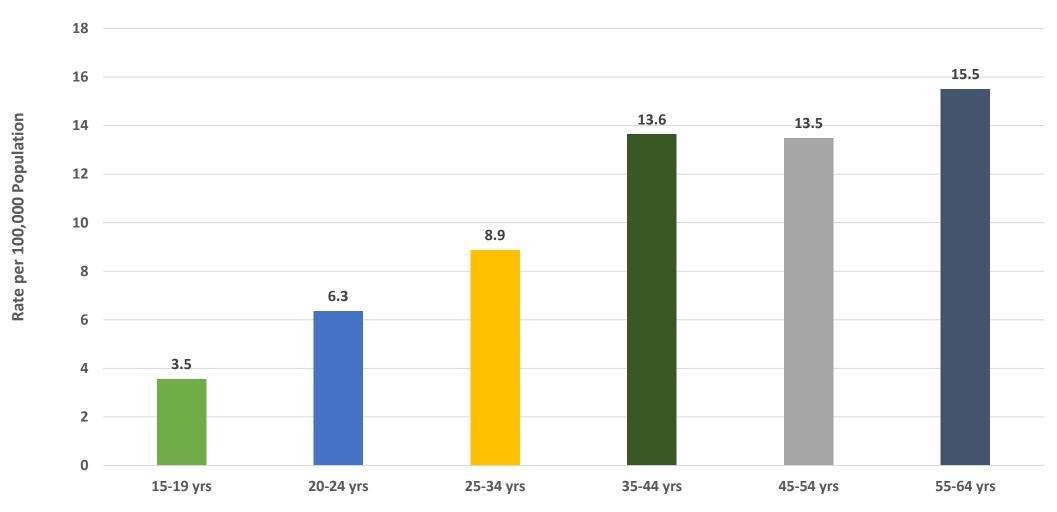
Age-Adjusted Rate of Traumatic Brain Injury Hospitalizations per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, by Sex 2008-2013



Percent of Students (Grades 10-12) Who Engaged in Unsafe Driving Among Students Who Drove a Car or Other Vehicle in the Past 30 Days, Connecticut, 2015

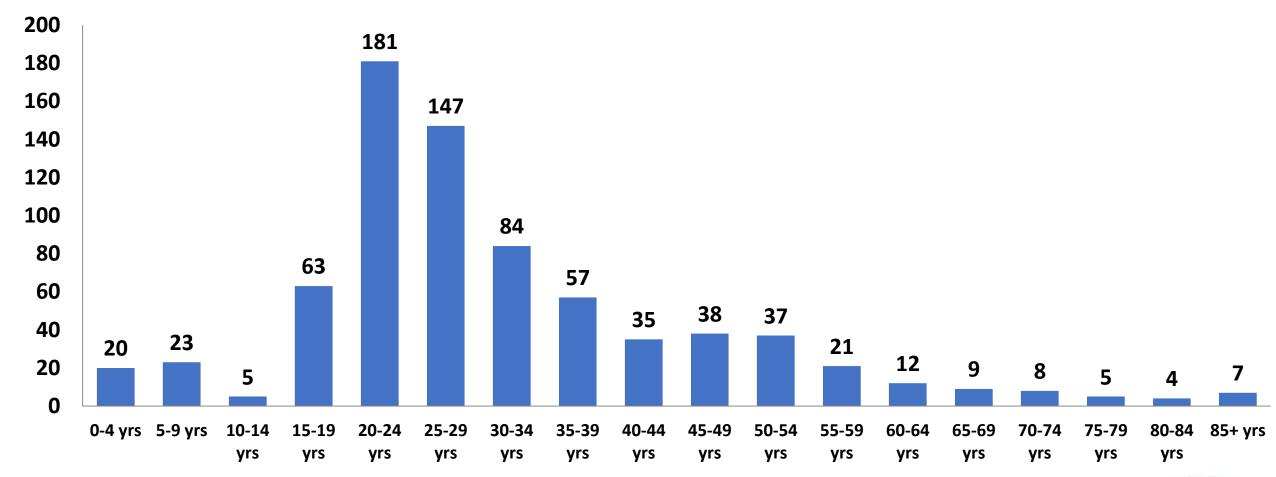


Rate of Suicides per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, by Selected Age Group, 2013





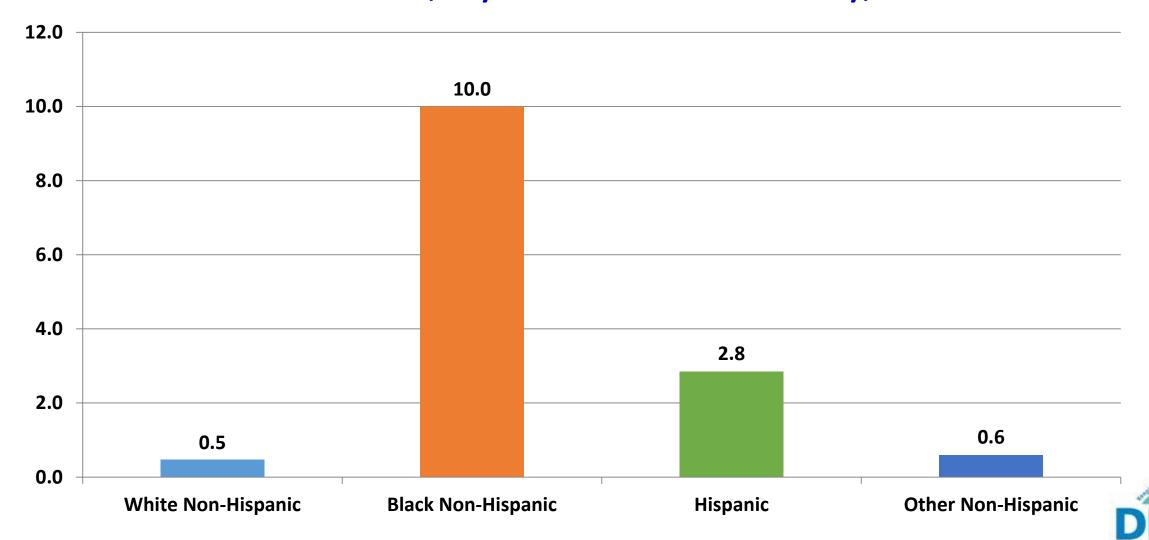
Number of Homicides in Connecticut, Residents by Age 2008-2013



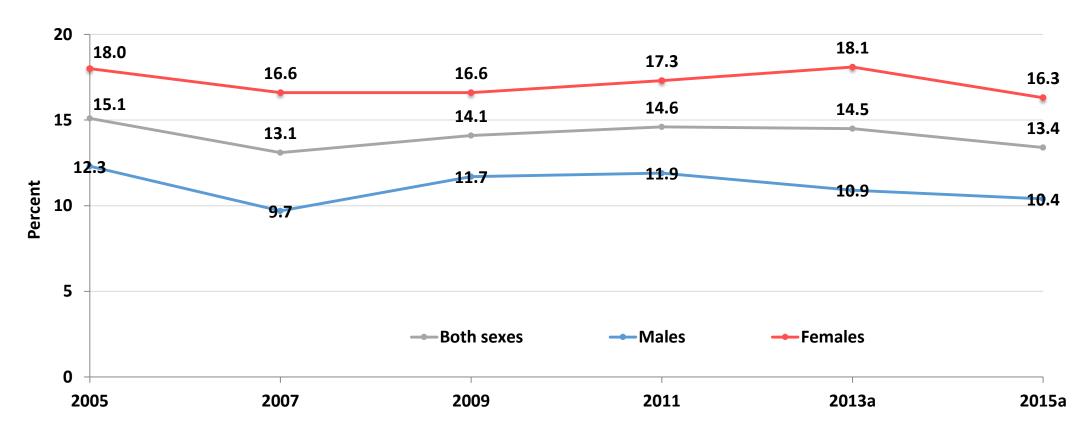


Data Source: Data Source: CT DPH Mortality Data

Firearm Homicide Crude Rate per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, by Race and Ethnicity, 2013



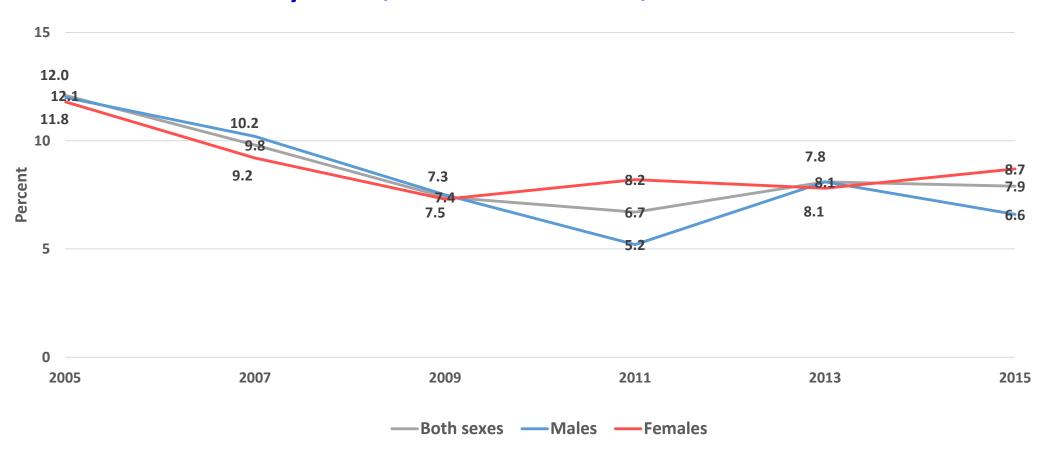
Percent of Students (Grades 9-12) Who Reported that they Seriously Considered Attempting Suicide in Past Year, by Sex, Connecticut, 2005-2015





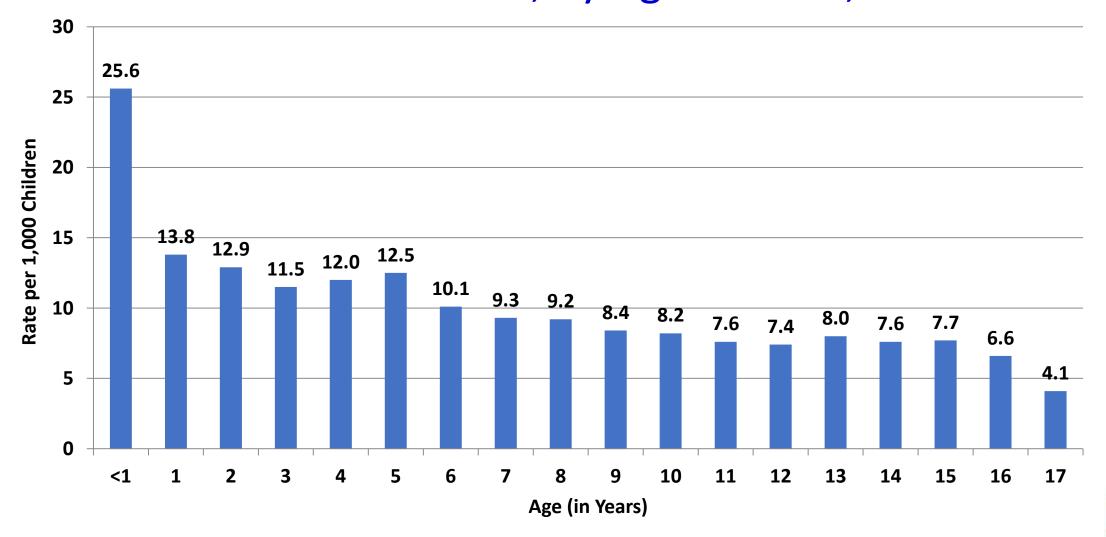
Data Source: Connecticut School Health Survey, Youth Behavior Component (YRBS), 2005 - 2015

Percent of Students (Grades 9-12) Who Reported that they Attempted Suicide One or More Times in the Past Year, by Sex, Connecticut, 2005 - 2015



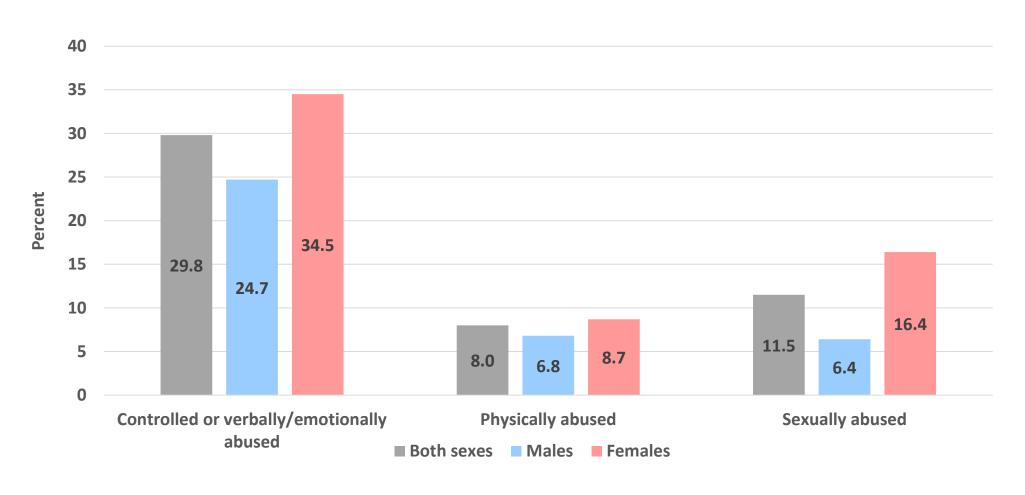


Rate of Child Abuse or Neglect Victims per 1,000 Children in Connecticut, by Age In Years, 2014





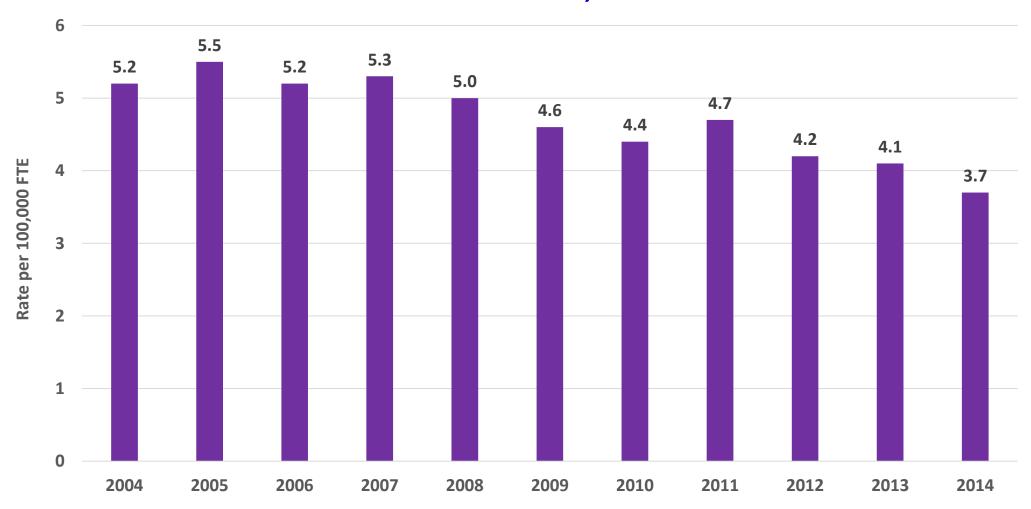
Percent of Students (Grades 9-12) Who Have Been Verbally, Physically or Sexually Abused by a Boyfriend or Girlfriend, Connecticut, 2015





Data Source: : 2015 Connecticut School Health Survey, Youth Behavior Component (YRBS)

Incidence Rates for Work-Related Injuries, Connecticut, 2004-2014

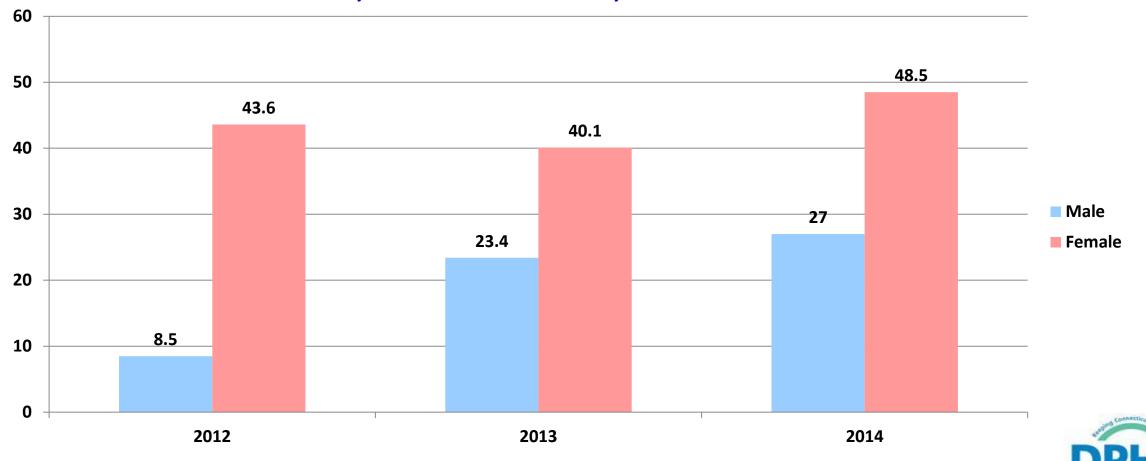




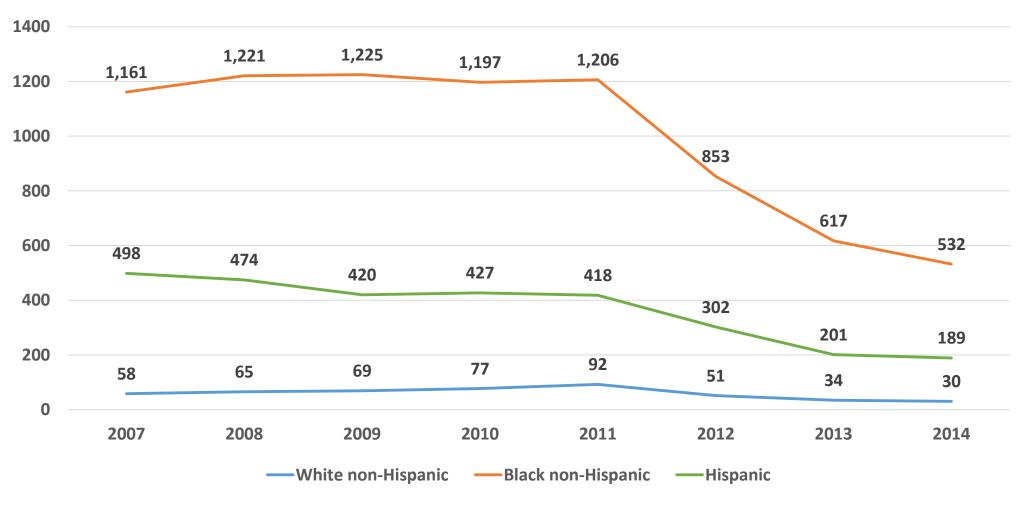
INFECTIOUS DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL



Percent of Persons 13 To 17 Years of Age Who Have Received at Least 3 Doses of the Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine, by Sex, Connecticut, 2012-2014

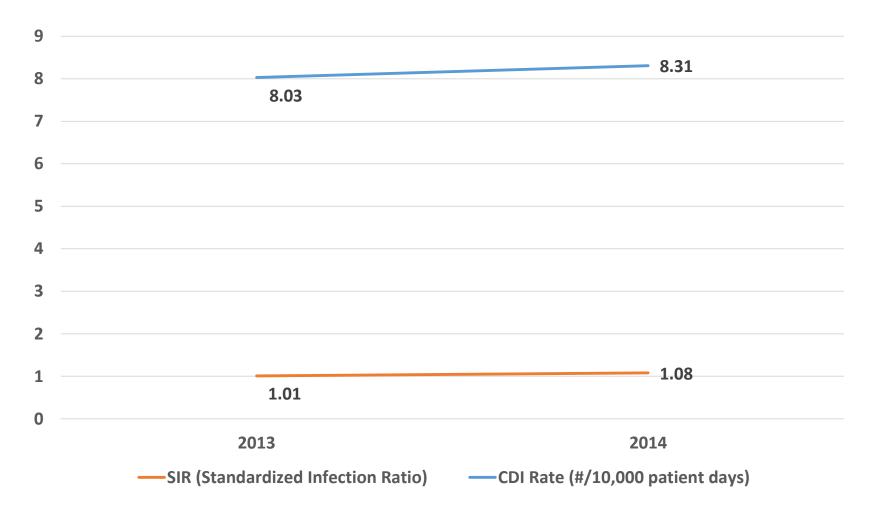


Rate of New Chlamydia Cases, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2007-2014



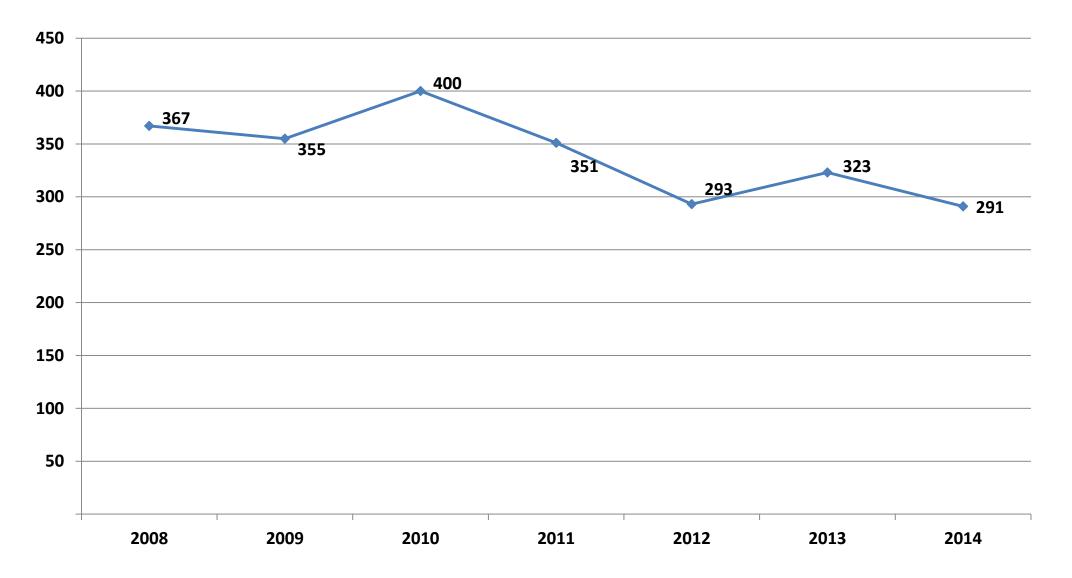


Laboratory-Identified *Clostridium difficile* Infection, Acute Care Hospitals, Connecticut, 2014



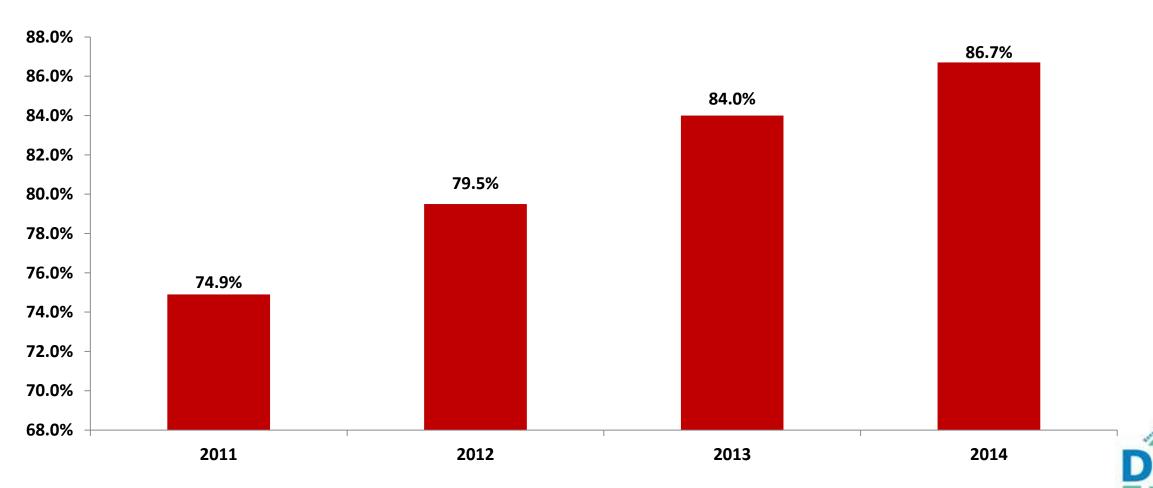


Number Of New HIV Cases, Connecticut, 2008-2014

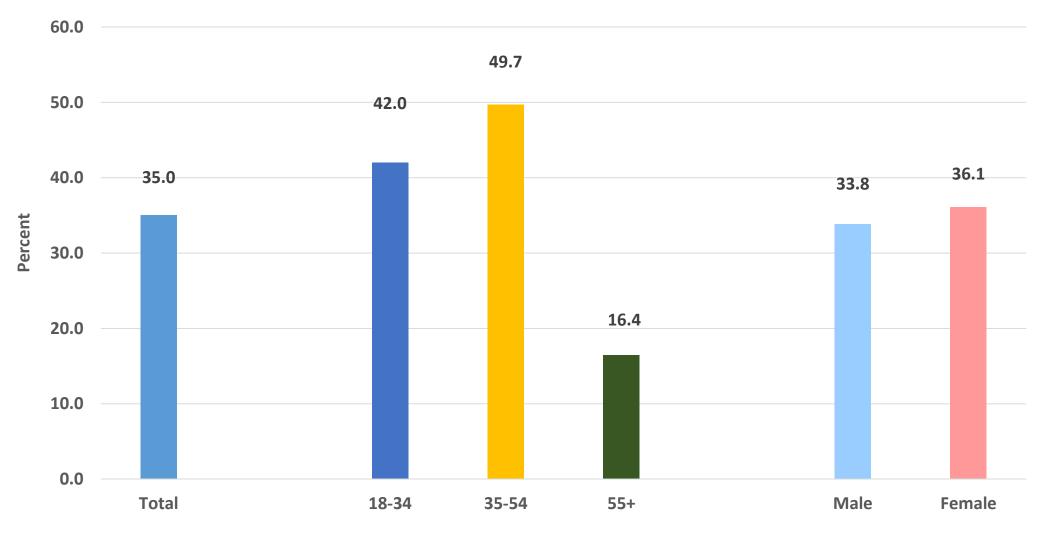




Proportion of Known HIV-Positive Adolescents and Adults (in care) with Suppressed Viral Loads (i.e., 200 or Less Copies of Virus per Milliliter), 2011-2014



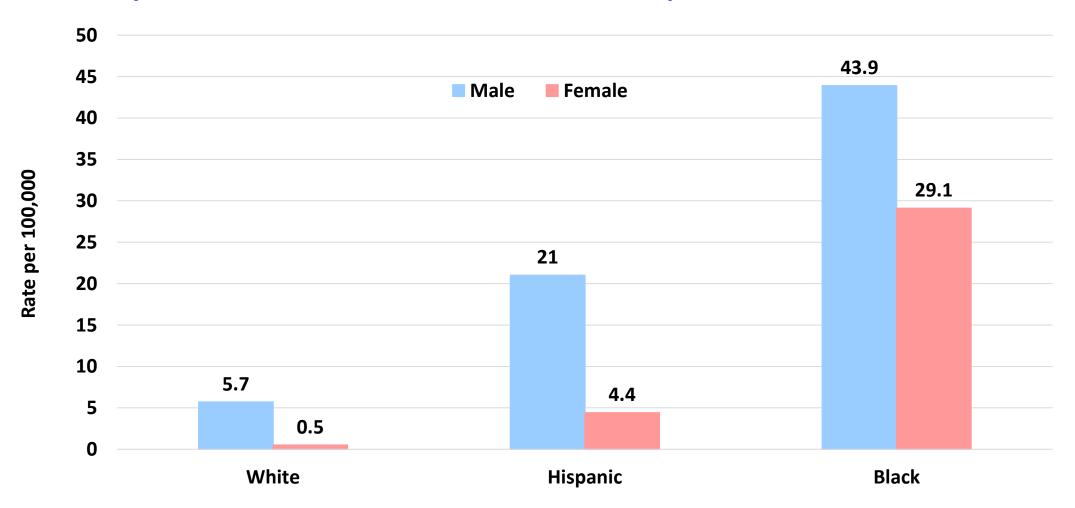
Percent of People Ever Tested For HIV, Connecticut, 2014





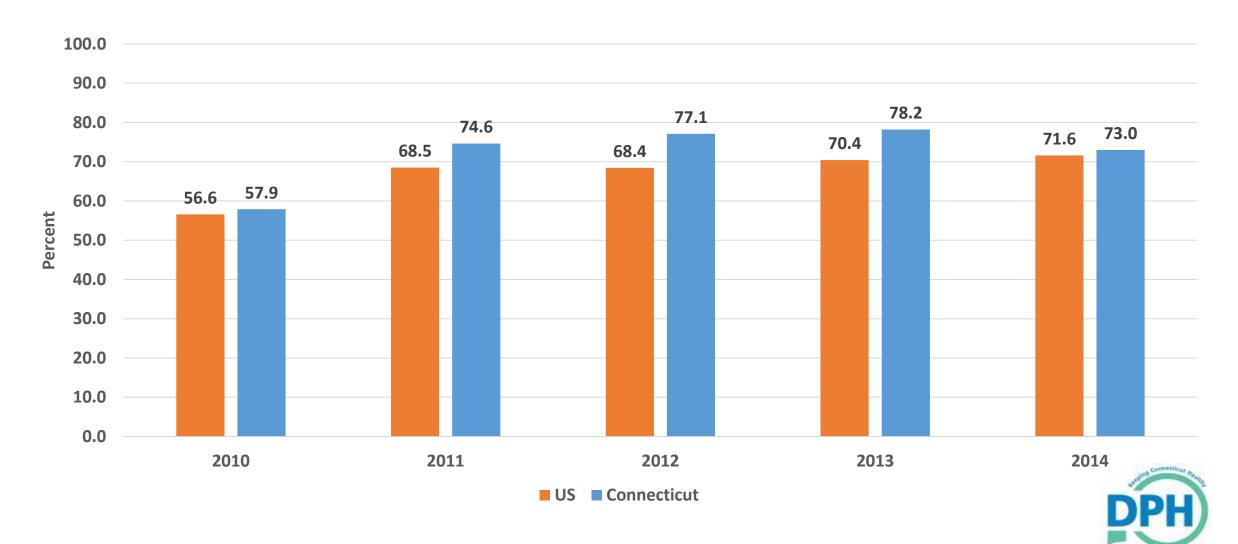
Data Source: DPH HIV Surveillence, eHARS, 2014

Rate Of Newly Diagnosed HIV, by Sex And Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2014

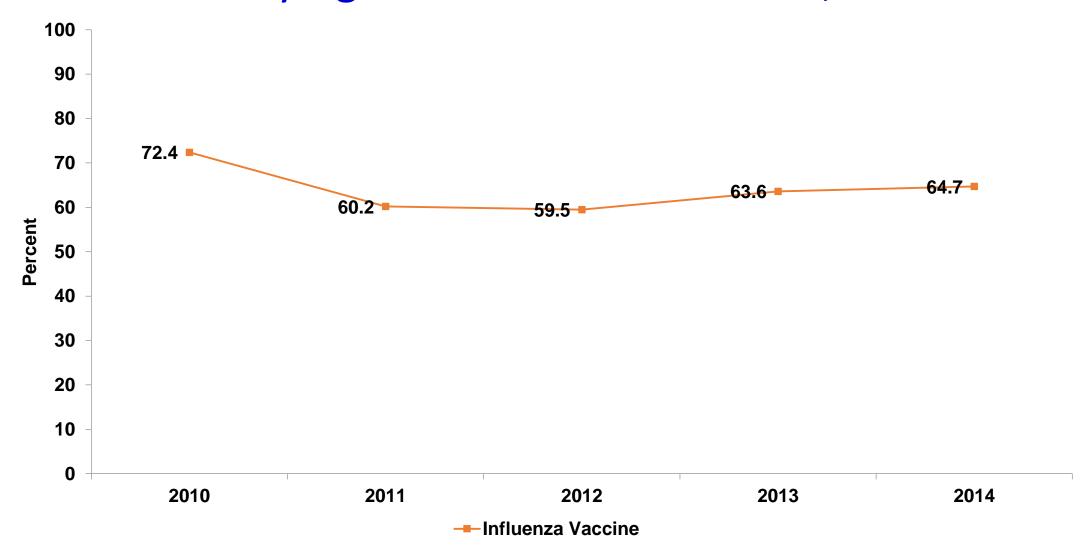




Percent of Children (19-35 Months) Who Completed the Recommended Vaccine Series, Connecticut, 2010-2014



Percent of Adults (65+ years) in Connecticut Who Are Vaccinated Annually Against Seasonal Influenza, 2010-2014

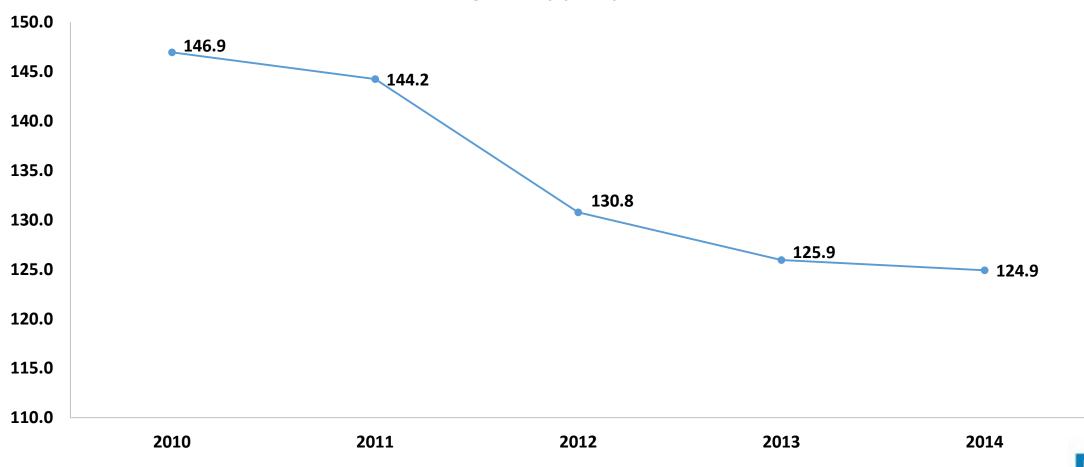




Data Source: http://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/index.html

HPV-Related Diseases: CIN2+ Diagnosis by Year, per 100,000 Connecticut Residents, 2010-2014



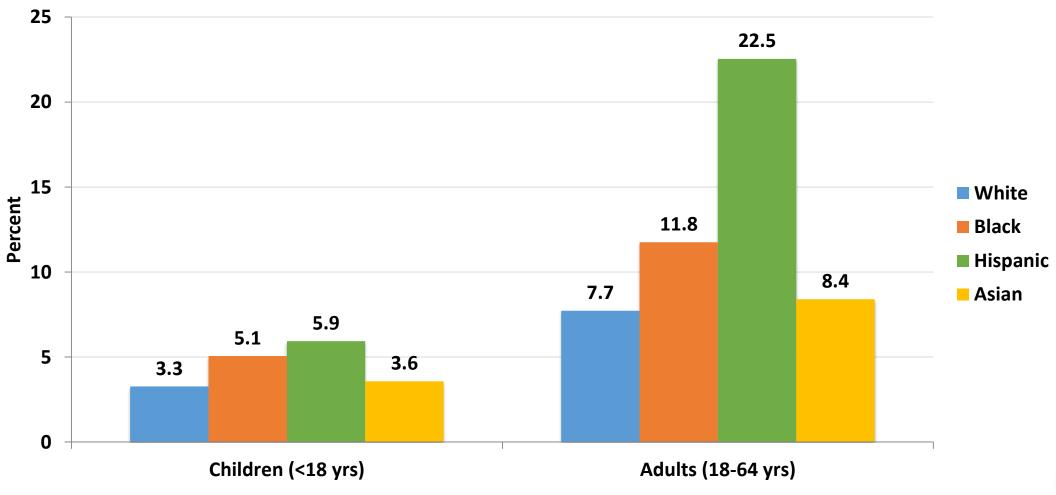




HEALTH SYSTEMS

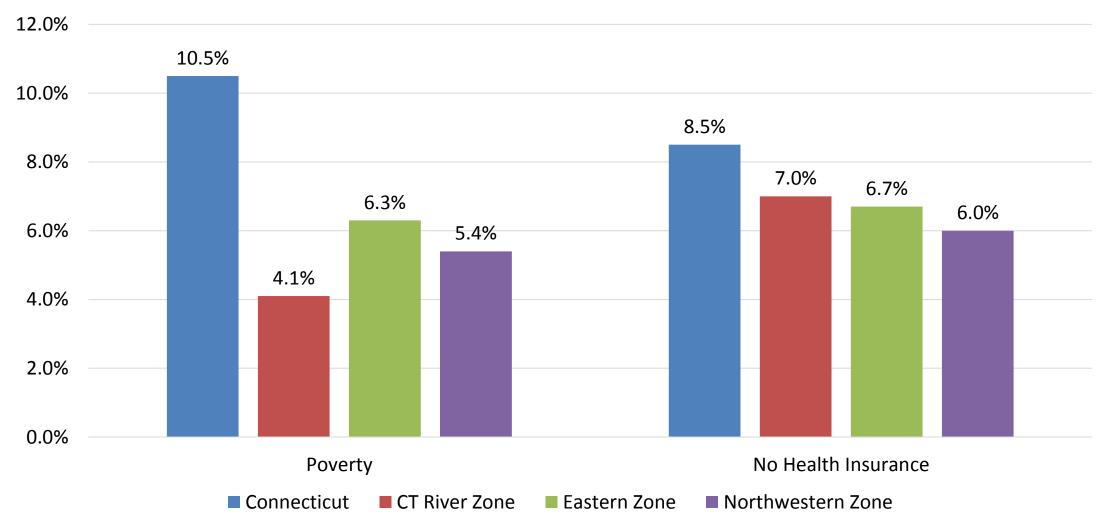


Percent of Uninsured Children and Adults, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2014





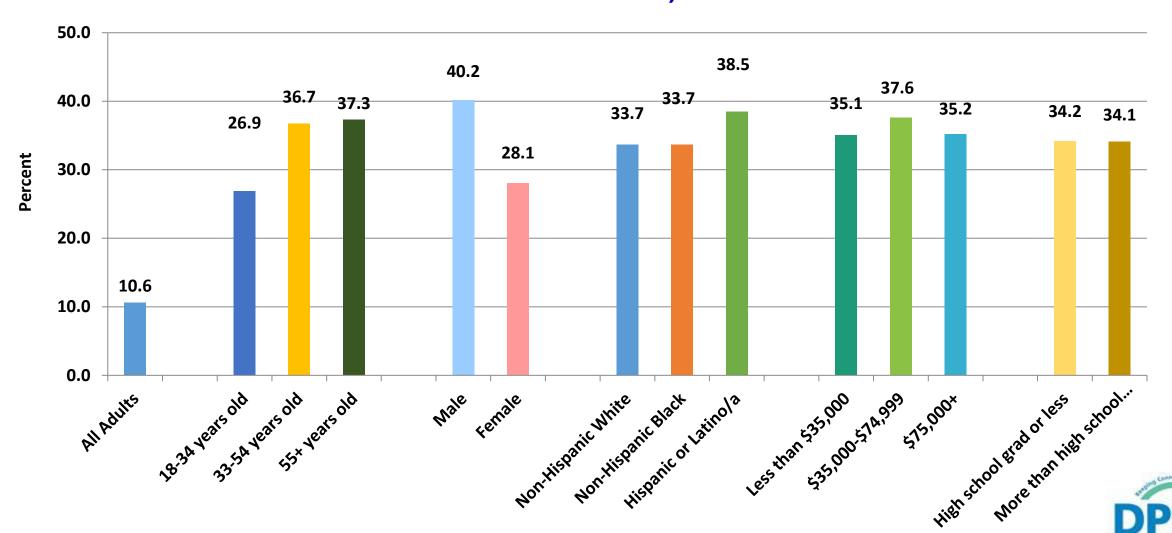
Percent of Population in Poverty and Without Health Insurance, Connecticut and Rural Zones, 2014



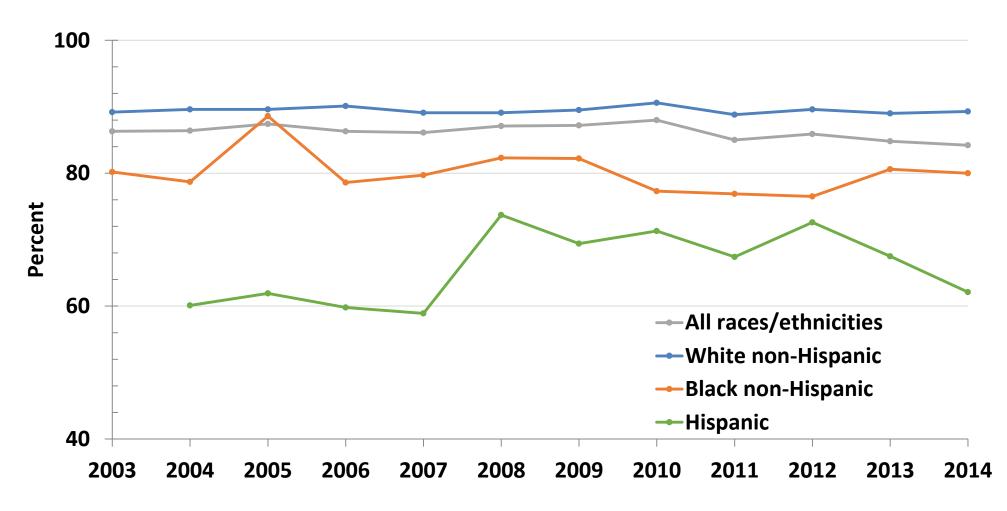


Data Source: American Community Survey, 2010-2014

Percent of Adults With No Primary Health Care Provider, Connecticut, 2014

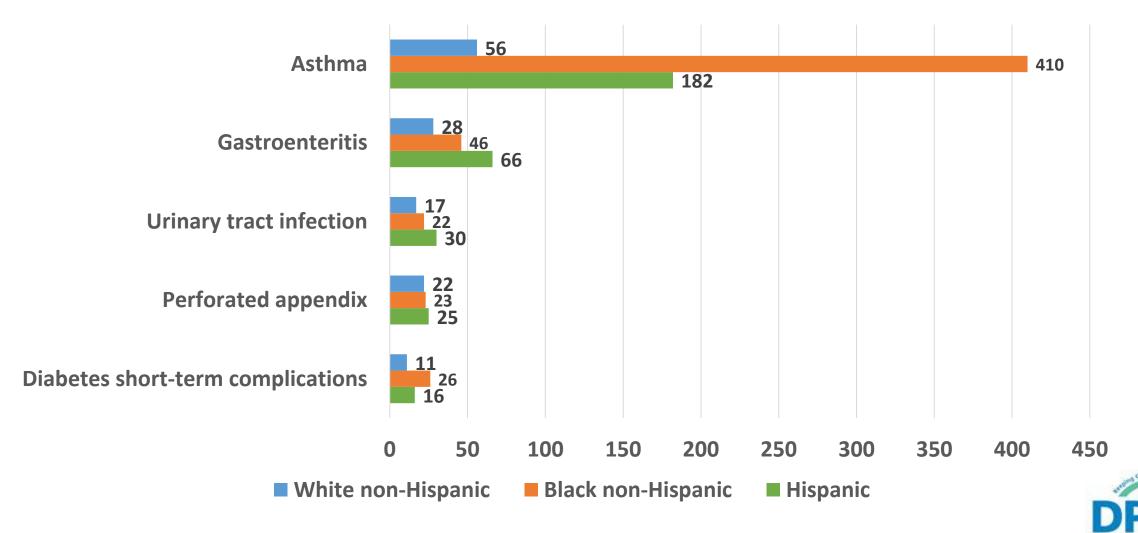


Adults With At Least One Personal Doctor, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2003-2014

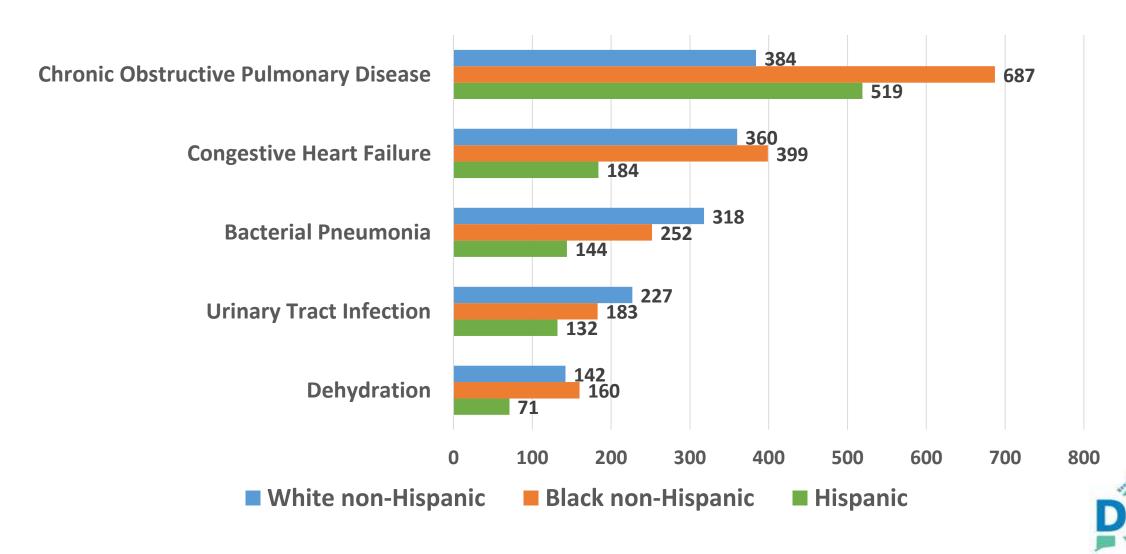




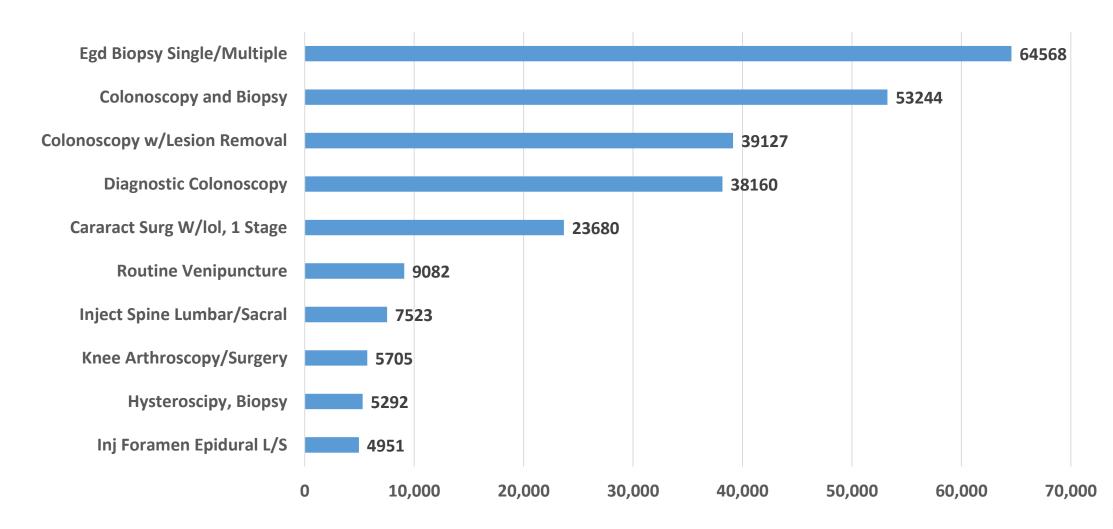
Pediatric Preventable Hospitalization Rates, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2012



Adult Preventable Hospitalization Rates per 100,000, by Race and Ethnicity, Connecticut, 2012



10 Most Frequent Outpatient Surgical Procedures Performed in Connecticut, 2015





10 Most Frequently Occurring Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Primary Diagnoses, Connecticut, 2015

Single live born, born in hospital, delivered without mention of cesarean section

Single live born, born before admission to hospital

Septicemia, Unspecified

Osteoarthrosis, localized, not specified whether primary or secondary, lower leg

Previous cesarean delivery, delivered, with or without mention of antepartum condition

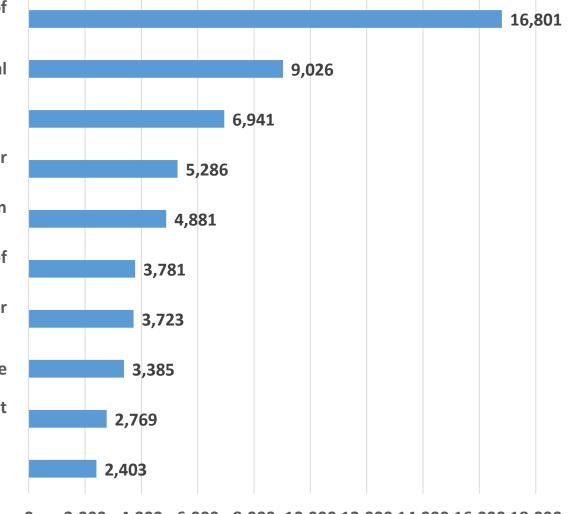
Post term pregnancy, delivered, with or without mention of antepartum condition

Osteoarthrosis, localized, not specified whether primary or secondary, pelvic region and thigh

Sub endocardial infarction, initial episode of care

Second-degree perineal laceration, delivered, with or without mention of antepartum condition

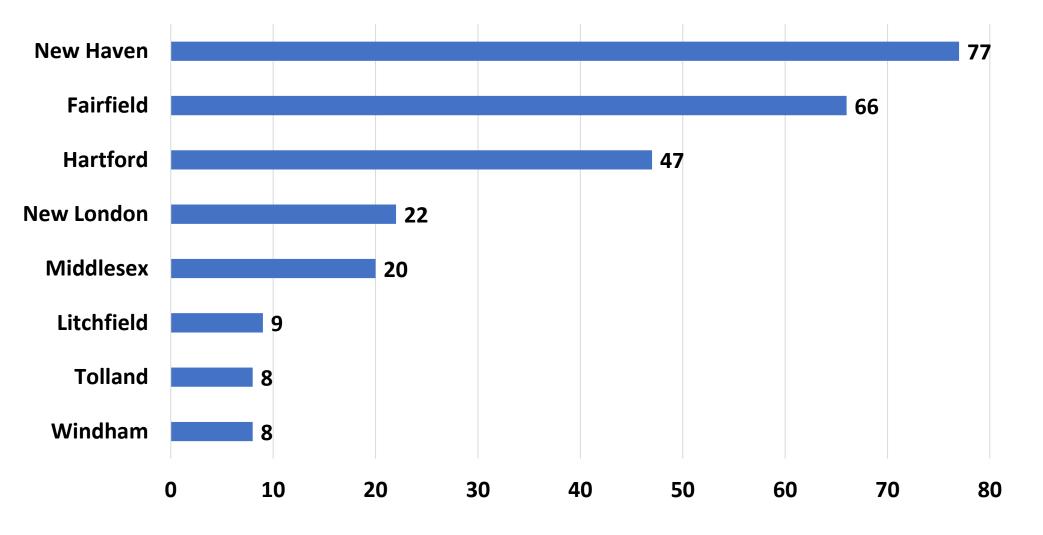
Morbid obesity





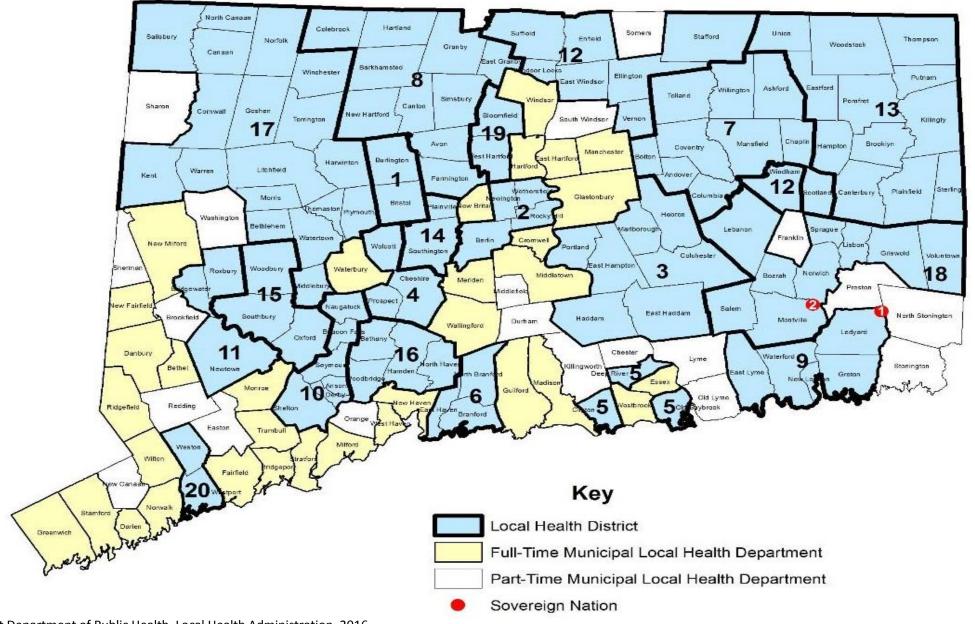
0 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 12,000 14,000 16,000 18,000

Number of Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), by County, Connecticut, 2016





Local Health Departments And Districts, Connecticut, July 2016





Data Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health, Local Health Administration, 2016

CHNA: Most Common Areas of Concern

Older Adult Health Issues

- Transportation
- Availability/affordability of senior assisted housing
- Social support systems
- Engagement in medical decision-making
- Repair/maintenance required of them to remain independent in their own homes
- Burden of chronic diseases

Access to Care

- Health Literacy
- Cost of copays/medications
- Absence of program/services tailored for special populations (homeless, mentally-ill, teens, ethnic and racial minorities)
- Challenges navigating the insurance marketplace

Community Infrastructure

- Inadequate structures that fail to support physical activity
- Accessibility to green spaces
- Food deserts

Asthma

- Asthma management and prevention education
- Environmental and housing conditions
- Mental Health & Substance Abuse Services
 - Ineffective existing programs
 - Limited treatment options (youth psychiatric and behavioral care)

Obesity

- Exercise and nutrition education
- Heart Disease and Diabetes

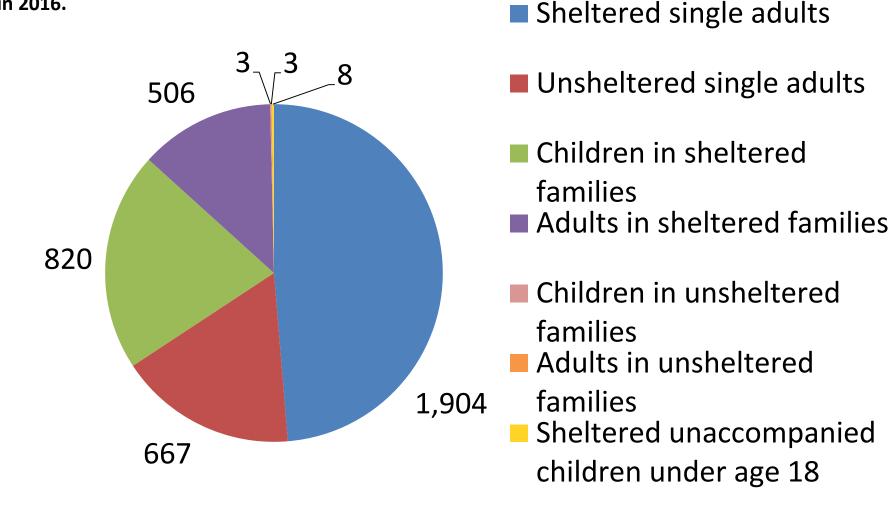


SPECIFIC POPULATIONS



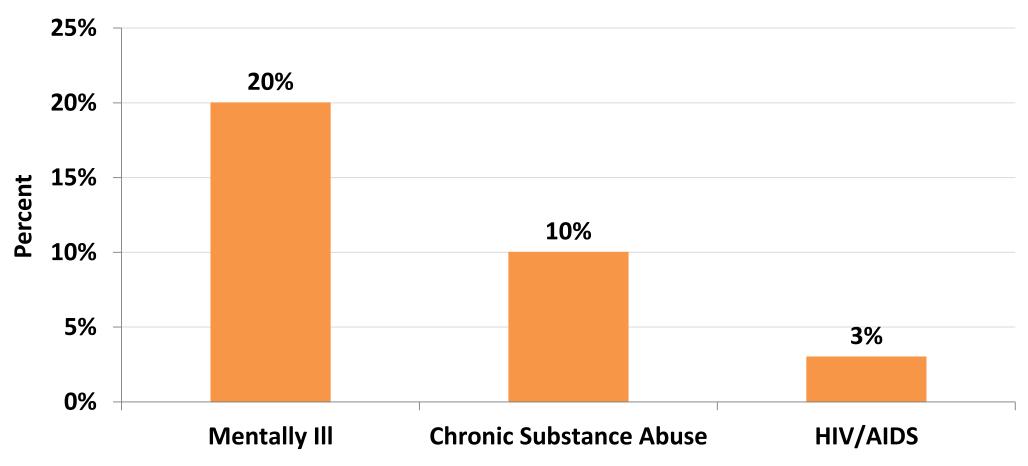
Homeless Population, Connecticut, 2016

There were an estimated 3,911 homeless persons in Connecticut in 2016.



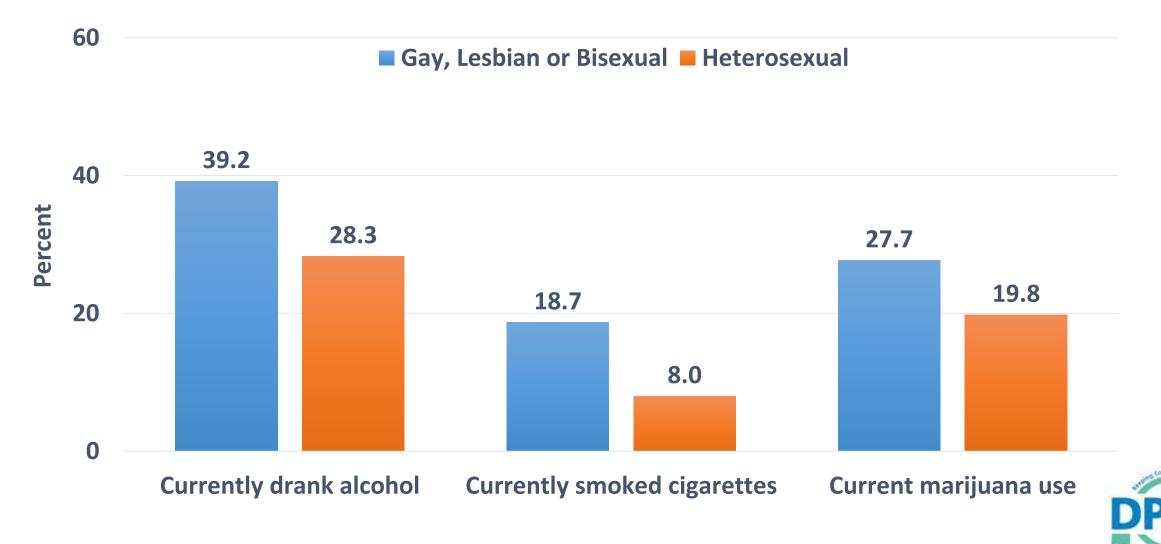


Common Service Needs Shared by a Large Proportion of Individuals Facing Homelessness, Connecticut, 2013





Percent of Students (Grades 9-12) Who Smoke Cigarettes, Drink Alcohol, or use Marijuana, Connecticut, 2015



Sexual Identity and Health-Risk Behavior Among Students in Grades 9-12, Connecticut, 2015

In Connecticut, about 1 out of 10 high school students (9.5%) identifies as gay, lesbian or bisexual

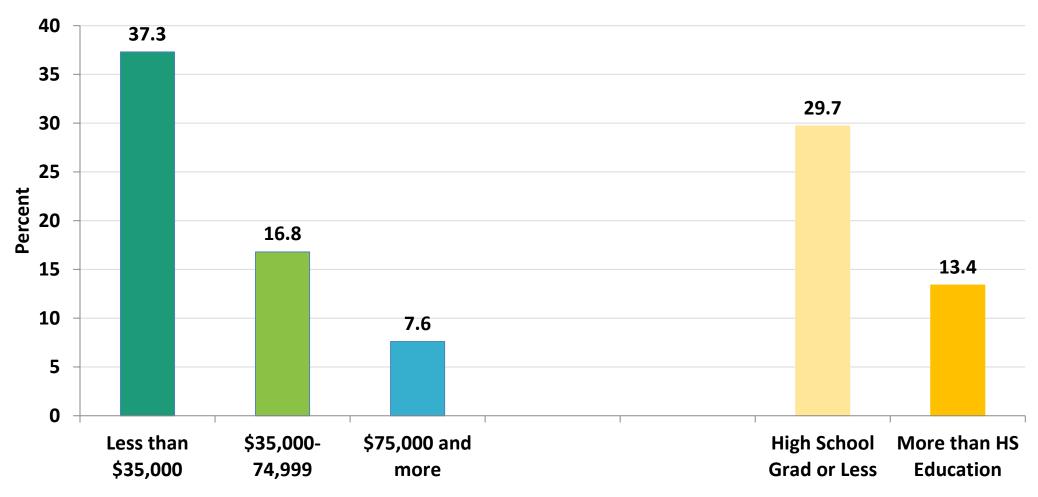


Gay, Lesbian or Bisexual students are more at risk for unhealthy behaviors than heterosexual students

Risk behavior	Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual more likely than Heterosexual
Risky sexual behavior	
Victim of bullying	lacksquare
Poor mental health	\square
Cigarette, alcohol, drug abuse	
Physical inactivity	\square
Regular soda drinking	\square
Skip breakfast	\square
Lack family support	\square
Housing insecurity	\square
Insufficient sleep	\square
Skip routine well-visits	

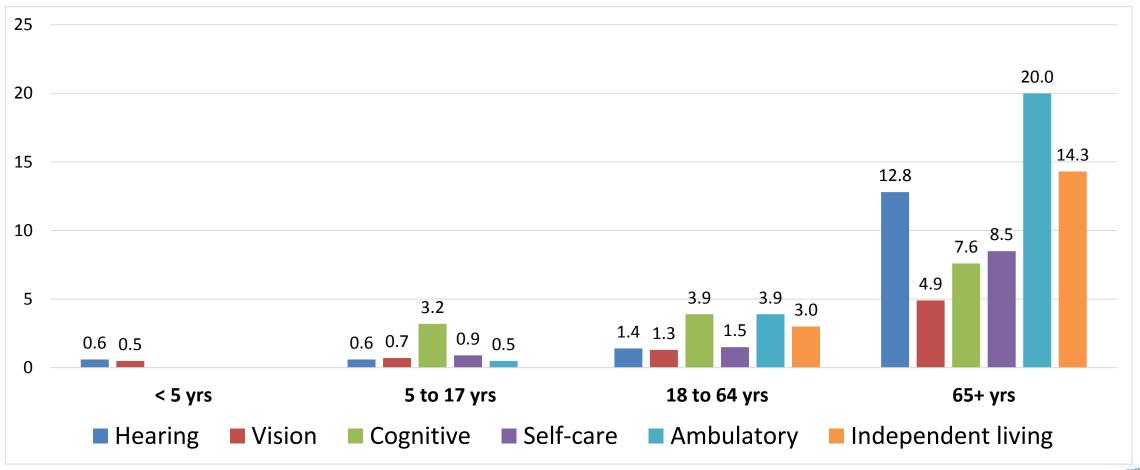


Percent of Population with Disability, by Income and Education, Connecticut, 2014





Percent of Population With Disability, by Age Group, Connecticut, 2014





Conclusions

- Our population is becoming younger and more diverse, putting them into a high risk category for risk behaviors like smoking, drinking, having unsafe sex, etc.
- Chronic diseases, cancer and accidental injuries top the list of causes of premature death in Connecticut.
- Residents that have lower-income, ethnic minorities, specific age groups such as youth, young adults and older adults are more likely than their counterparts to have risk factors for many diseases.
- Limitations on accessing and collecting data on health costs, specific populations, and in a regional capacity, remain a challenge for planning and policymaking.
- Vulnerable adults, sexual minorities, veterans, and the prison population also have higher prevalence rates for some risk factors and suffer from many conditions at disproportionately high rates.
- Opportunities exist to address obesity, smoking, and other risk factors for chronic diseases, and to prevent accidental and intentional injuries and infectious diseases.

